

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF QUÉBEC

FIRST SESSION

FORTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

Order Paper and Notices

of the Assembly

Wednesday, 22 September 2021 – No. 207 Nine forty a.m.

President of the National Assembly: Mr. François Paradis

Part 1

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS

STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS

- The Member for Huntingdon on the following subject: *The 2021 Ride of Silence in Sainte-Martine: thanks to Mr. Yves Trépanier*.
- The Member for Hull on the following subject: *Thanks to the Duguay family, of Duguay Sports Excellence*.
- The Member for Sainte-Rose on the following subject: *Thanks to businesses and merchants*.
- The Member for Jacques-Cartier on the following subject: *Tribute to the life of the late Dr. Jimmy "Jim" Hasegawa*.
- The Member for Chauveau on the following subject: *Two beers from La Souche Stoneham microbrewery named world's best beers at the World Beer Awards.*
- The Member for Masson on the following subject: *Tribute to Ms. Micheline Mathieu*.
- The Member for Beauharnois on the following subject: *COVID-19 workplace vaccination: thanks to CEZinc and its partners!*
- The Member for Labelle on the following subject: *Parc régional Montagne du Diable and tribute to two leaders!*
- The Member for Vachon on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. James Ritchie*.

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Part 2

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BUSINESS HAVING PRECEDENCE

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OTHER BUSINESS

I. Government Bills

Passage in Principle

(1) Bill 30

An Act to recover amounts owed to the State Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 14 June 2019

(2) Bill 61

An Act to restart Québec's economy and to mitigate the consequences of the public health emergency declared on 13 March 2020 because of the COVID-19 pandemic

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 3 June 2020

Report from the Committee on Public Finance (consultations) tabled on 11 June 2020

Resuming the debate adjourned in the name of the Member for La Pinière on 12 June 2020

(3) Bill 92

An Act to create a court specialized in sexual and domestic violence and respecting training of judges in these matters

Introduced by the Minister of Justice on 15 September 2021

Resuming the debate adjourned on 12 June 2020

(4) Bill 96

An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec Introduced by the Minister Responsible for the French Language on 13 May 2021

(5) Bill 101

An Act to strengthen the fight against maltreatment of seniors and other persons of full age in vulnerable situations as well as the monitoring of the quality of health services and social services

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Seniors and Informal Caregivers on **9 June 2021**

Committee Stage

(6) Bill 23

An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 18 April 2019

Passed in principle on 19 September 2019, and

Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(7) Bill 39

An Act to establish a new electoral system

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions, Electoral Reform and Access to Information on 25 September 2019

Report from the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 11 February 2020

Passed in principle on 8 October 2020, and

Referred to the Committee on Institutions

(8) Bill 49

An Act to amend the Act respecting elections and referendums in municipalities, the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act and various legislative provisions

Introduced by the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing on 13 November 2019

Report from the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain (consultations) tabled on 27 April 2021

Passed in principle on 25 May 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(9) Bill 59

An Act to modernize the occupational health and safety regime Introduced by the Minister of Labour, Employment and Social Solidarity on 27 October 2020

Report from the Committee on Labour and the Economy (consultations) tabled on 2 February 2021

Passed in principle on 16 February 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

(10) Bill 97

An Act to amend the Act respecting energy efficiency and energy conservation standards for certain electrical or hydrocarbon-fuelled appliances

Introduced by the Minister of Energy and Natural Resources on 27 May 2021 Report of the Committee on Agriculture, Fisheries, Energy and Natural Resources (consultations) tabled on 14 September 2021

Passed in principle on 15 September 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Fisheries, Energy and Natural Resources

(11) Bill 99

An Act to amend mainly the Food Products Act

Introduced by the Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food on 10 June 2021

Report of the Committee on Agriculture, Fisheries, Energy and Natural Resources (consultations) tabled on 14 September 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Fisheries, Energy and Natural Resources

(12) Bill 100

Tourist Accommodation Act

Introduced by the Minister of Tourism on 8 June 2021

Report of the Committee on Labour and the Economy (consultations) tabled on 14 September 2021

Passed in principle on 15 September 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

Report Stage

Passage

II. Private Members' Public Bills

Passage in Principle

(13) Bill 190

An Act to exclude child support payments from income calculation under various social laws

Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on 7 December 2018

(14) Bill 191

An Act to amend the Act respecting the National Assembly to prescribe the publication of information on the use of the amounts granted to Members in the performance of their duties

Introduced by the Member for Gouin on 6 December 2018

(15) Bill 192

An Act to recognize the Members' oath to the people of Québec as the sole oath required for Members to take office

Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on 28 February 2019

(16) Bill 193

An Act to establish a budgetary shield to protect education, child and youth protection services

Introduced by the Member for Joliette on 7 February 2019

(17) Bill 194

An Act to ensure compliance with Québec's climate change-related obligations

Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 21 February 2019

(18) Bill 195

An Act to amend the Act respecting the National Assembly to extend the scope of the right to payment of expenses for counsel Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on 11 April 2019

(19) Bill 196

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to establish a Passe-Sports register to collect data on the state of health of persons under 18 years of age following a concussion

Introduced by the Member for Marquette on 11 April 2019

(20) Bill 198

An Act to facilitate disclosure of wrongdoings Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 9 May 2019

(21) Bill 199

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act to establish a right of citizen initiative in environmental matters and reinforce the powers and independence of the Bureau d'audiences publiques sur l'environnement Introduced by the Member for Mercier on 25 September 2019

(22) Bill 391

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act in order to assert the primacy of Québec's jurisdiction in this area

Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 30 May 2019

(23) Bill 392

An Act respecting the selection of Québec senators Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 9 May 2019

(24) Bill 393

An Act to affirm Québec's participation in the appointment process for Québec Supreme Court of Canada judges Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 16 May 2019

(25) Bill 396

An Act to amend the Civil Code to provide that an action for damages for bodily injury resulting from a sexual aggression, from childhood violence or from the violent behaviour of a spouse or former spouse cannot be prescribed during the lifetime of the author of the act

Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on 12 June 2019

(26) Bill 397

An Act to reinforce oversight of the processes to select, renew a term of or dismiss directors of municipal police forces
Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on 14 November 2019

(27) Bill 398

An Act to proclaim Québec Democracy Day Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **20 February 2020**

(28) Bill 399

An Act to establish a presumption of consent to organ or tissue donation after death

Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 5 November 2019

(29) Bill 490

An Act to establish the gradual electrification of Québec's vehicle fleet Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie-Saint-Jacques on **26 September 2019**

(30) Bill 491

An Act to combat food waste Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda-Témiscamingue on

12 November 2020

(31) Bill 492

Right-to-Disconnect Act Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **3 June 2020**

(32) Bill 493

Interculturalism Act
Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 30 October 2019

(33) Bill 495

An Act to authorize the recording of sound and images during the public sittings of a municipal council or the public meetings of a council of a metropolitan community

Introduced by the Member for Verdun on 20 November 2019

(34) Bill 496

Parliamentary Budget Officer Act Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 14 November 2019

(35) Bill 497

An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms in order to strengthen the protection of seniors' rights and create the office of Seniors Ombudsperson

Introduced by the Member for Rimouski on 4 December 2019

(36) Bill 590

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to establish free French instruction services for every person who resides in Québec Introduced by the Member for Jacques-Cartier on **4 December 2019**

(37) Bill 591

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to define the circumstances under which an employer may make knowledge of a language other than the official language a requirement for access to employment or a position

Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on 12 February 2020

(38) Bill 592

An Act to amend the Act respecting the flag and emblems of Québec to enhance the presence of the flag of Québec

Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 11 June 2021

(**39**) Bill 593

An Act to change the minimum age required to be a qualified elector Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 10 June 2021

(40) Bill 594

An Act to improve the quality of care through the setting of ratios in certain institutions governed by the Act respecting health services and social services Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 26 May 2020

(41) Bill 595

An Act to create the Rent Register Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **4 June 2020**

(42) Bill 596

An Act to establish Pharma-Québec Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on 15 September 2020

(43) Bill 597

An Act to improve support offered to entrepreneurs and farmers in relation to mental health

Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on 10 June 2020

(44) Bill 598

An Act to authorize the holder of a restaurant sales liquor permit to sell, for takeout or delivery, spirit-based alcoholic beverages Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 12 June 2020

(45) Bill 599

An Act to respect sexual orientation and gender identity

Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on

22 September 2020

(46) Bill 690

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to specify that it applies to private enterprises operating in an area of federal jurisdiction Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on **24 September 2020**

(47) Bill 691

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Ministère des Transports to maintain air transportation services in certain regions of Québec Introduced by the Member for Mont-Royal-Outremont on 30 September 2020

(48) Bill 692

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to prohibit fighting in sports activities in which persons under 18 years of age participate Introduced by the Member for Marquette on 21 October 2020

(49) Bill 693

An Act to amend the Election Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in the context of political activities
Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 22 October 2020

(50) Bill 694

An Act to regulate appointments to certain senior positions Introduced by the Member for René-Levesque on 10 June 2021

(51) Bill 695

An Act to set a standard for the maximum concentration of manganese in drinking water
Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on 9 December 2020

(52) Bill 696

An Act providing for the temporary suspension of the right to increase the rent for a lease of a dwelling Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on 10 February 2021

(53) Bill 697

An Act to promote the disclosure of wrongdoings and strengthen the protection of whistleblowers
Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 17 March 2021

(54) Bill 698

An Act to temporarily limit the charges that restaurateurs may be required to pay for online order services and meal delivery services
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on 18 February 2021

(55) Bill 699

Act to promote integration of immigrants by organizing welcome ceremonies for newcomers

Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 1 April 2021

(56) Bill 790

An Act to amend the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry to right the power imbalance

Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on 15 April 2021

(57) Bill 792

An Act to enhance the transparency of municipal councils Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 14 April 2021

(58) Bill 794

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Institut de la statistique du Québec to facilitate the production and circulation of statistical information Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 21 April 2021

(59) Bill 795

An Act to permanently limit the amount of certain charges payable by restaurateurs when they retain the delivery services of a third person Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 27 May 2021

(60) Bill 796

An Act respecting the Agence des infrastructures de transport du Québec Introduced by the Member for Îles-de-la-Madeleine on 1 June 2021

(61) Bill 797

An Act to amend the Business Corporations Act to include benefit corporations

Introduced by the Member for Robert-Baldwin on 26 May 2021

(62) Bill 798

An Act to entitle employees to a "vaccine break" to receive a COVID-19 vaccination

Introduced by the Member for Gouin on 6 May 2021

(63) Bill 890

An Act to amend various legislative provisions relating to financial assistance for education expenses

Introduced by the Member for Bonaventure on 27 May 2021

(64) Bill 893

An Act to facilitate the marketing of Québec microdistillers' and microbrewers' products

Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on 10 June 2021

(65) Bill 894

An Act to prohibit petroleum exploration and production Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie-Saint-Jacques or 16 September 2021.

Committee Stage

(66) Bill 197

An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods

Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on 9 April 2019

Passed in principle on 13 April 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Citizen Relations

(67) Bill 793

An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec Introduced by the Member for Argenteuil on 26 May 2021

Passed in principle on 10 June 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Institutions

Report Stage

Passage

III. Private Bills

Hearings and Clause-by-Clause Consideration

(68) Bill 217

An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal

Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on 11 November 2020, and

Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

Passage in Principle

(69) Bill 219

An Act respecting an immovable located on Rue University in Montréal (on the Royal Victoria Hospital site) (modified titled)

Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on 11 November 2020

Report of the Committee on Public Finance passed on 14 September 2021

Passage

IV. Government Motions

V. Estimates of Expenditure

VI. Statutory Debates

BUSINESS STANDING IN THE NAME OF MEMBERS IN OPPOSITION

(70) 21 September 2021

Motion by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda-Témiscamingue

THAT the National Assembly reaffirm that no petroleum development and transportation project has achieved social acceptability in Québec;

THAT it express its concern that the increase in western Canadian oil and gas production will undermine global efforts to fight climate change;

THAT the National Assembly demand that the new Canadian government stop subsidizing oil and gas companies with Quebecers' money.

Part 3

BILLS PASSED

(Bills awaiting Royal Assent)

Bill 64

An Act to modernize legislative provisions as regards the protection of personal information

Passed on 21 September 2021

Part 4

PROCEEDINGS IN COMMITTEES

The detailed calendar of the proceedings of each committee is available on the Internet site of the Assembly

COMMITTEE ON THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

- Hearing of the Secrétariat du Conseil du trésor on the Report on the application of the *Public Administration Act*.
- Hearing of the Société d'habitation du Québec on Chapter 4 of the Auditor General of Québec's October 2020 report on housing projects entitled "AccèsLogis Québec Programme: Réalisation des projets d'habitation" as a follow-up to recommendation 2.1 of the 41st report from the Committee on Public Administration.
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques on Chapter 2 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Eco-Taxation, Cross-Compliance and Eco-Responsibility for a Green and Responsible Economy".
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques and the Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation on Chapter 3 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Conservation of Water Resources".
- Hearing of the Ministère de la Famille on its administrative management and financial commitments, as well as on Chapter 2 of the Auditor General of Québec's October 2020 report entitled "Access to Educational Childcare Services".
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Économie et de l'Innovation on its administrative management and financial commitments.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Order of reference

- Examination of Hydro-Québec's Strategic Plan 2020-2024 (Order of reference given on 5 December 2019).

Consideration of Bills:

- Bill 97, An Act to amend the Act respecting energy efficiency and energy conservation standards for certain electrical or hydrocarbon-fuelled appliances (Order of reference given on 15 September 2021).
- **Bill 99,** An Act to amend mainly the Food Products Act (Order of reference given on 14 September 2021).

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

Surveillance of public bodies and accountability:

 Examination of the policy directions, activities and management of the Régie de l'énergie.

COMMITTEE ON PLANNING AND THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

 Bill 49, An Act to amend the Act respecting elections and referendums in municipalities, the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act and various legislative provisions (Order of reference given on 25 May 2021).

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

Surveillance of public bodies and accountability:

- Hearing the Commission municipale du Québec.

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND EDUCATION

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

 Bill 96, An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec (Order of reference given on 14 September 2021).

Statutory order

- Hearing the heads of educational institutions at the university level.

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

 Interpellation by the Member for Saint-Laurent to the Minister of Education on the following subject: The Minister of Education's back-to-school report card (notice given on 16 September 2021)

COMMITTEE ON LABOUR AND THE ECONOMY

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 59**, An Act to modernize the occupational health and safety regime (Order of reference given on 16 February 2021).
- **Bill 100**, Tourist Accommodation Act (Order of reference given on 15 September 2021).
- Bill 217, An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal (Order of reference given on 11 November 2020).

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC FINANCE

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

 Bill 23, An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs (Order of reference given on 19 September 2019).

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONS

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 39**, An Act to establish a new electoral system (Order of reference given on 8 October 2020).
- **Bill 793**, An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec (Order of reference given on 10 June 2021).

COMMITTEE ON CITIZEN RELATIONS

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

 Bill 101, An Act to strengthen the fight against maltreatment of seniors and other persons of full age in vulnerable situations as well as the monitoring of the quality of health services and social services (Order of reference given on 14 September 2021).

Consideration of Bills:

 Bill 197, An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods (Order of reference given on 13 April 2021).

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

$\frac{\textbf{SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE EVOLUTION OF THE ACT RESPECTING END-OF-LIFE}}{\underline{\textbf{CARE}}}$

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

Examine the issues related to extending medical aid in dying to persons who
are incapable of caring for themselves or who are suffering from a mental
illness (Order of reference given on 31 March 2021).

Part 5

WRITTEN QUESTIONS

<u>Questions already placed</u> on the Order Paper are published each Wednesday

(238) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **27 May 2021**To the Government

The month of May is a time to raise awareness of celiac disease, a gluten allergy that affects about 1% of the Québec population. Unfortunately, it can take up to ten years for it to be diagnosed.

This chronic autoimmune disease affects people who are genetically predisposed. Consumption of gluten-containing foods by a person with celiac disease causes an abnormal and disproportionate immune system response. Some people have no symptoms, while others are very sick to the point of not being functional.

There is no treatment and the solution is for these people to eliminate gluten from their diets. That is why the organization Cœliaque Québec is asking the Government to provide financial assistance for people with the disease, as gluten-free foods are very expensive.

My question is the following:

Why doesn't the Government offer the same measure that is offered to parents of children with celiac disease, who can receive up to \$200 per month to help them with groceries thanks to the supplement for disabled children?

(247) Ms. Ghazal (Mercier) – **14 September 2021**To the Minister of Transport

On 11 May 2018, the federal government announced a new rail bypass for Lac-Mégantic to ensure that trains would no longer travel through its downtown core. According to the agreement reached by the Government of Canada and the Government of Québec to cover the cost of the 12 km bypass estimated at \$133 million, Québec will pay 40% of the cost, while the federal government will pay the rest. The 5-year project is slated for completion in 2023. As a result, trains should be using the bypass 10 years after the tragedy.

In December 2019, Canadian Pacific (CP) completed its acquisition of the Central Maine & Québec Railway (CMQR). It became involved in the project as of October 2020 during the initial phase consisting in carrying out the feasibility analysis. According to the Transport Canada timetable, the plans and specifications were to be completed in 2021 and construction was to begin in 2021 for commissioning in 2023.

Since the spring of this year, Mr. François Charbonneau, a retired engineer, has been calling on the various levels of government to recognize that it will be impossible to meet the 2023 deadline unless they take charge of the situation and shift into high gear.

Finally, on 27 May of this year, Ottawa and CP reached an agreement to ensure that the initial deadline would be met, even though the President and CEO of CP had clearly stated that the 2023 target was unrealistic unless the government assumed all the financial risks associated with carrying out the engineering and construction phases simultaneously.

This portion of the railway is under federal jurisdiction. However, in light of the Québec government's 2018 commitment to invest more than \$53 million, it is only reasonable that the Minister of Transport be entitled to have a say regarding the anticipated construction delay, which will probably result in additional costs. The people of Lac-Mégantic deserve to have this rail bypass built by the prescribed 2023 deadline so that they can live in a safer environment, as the tragedy has left many scars.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- 1. Does the cost sharing for the construction of the Lac-Mégantic bypass entitle the Minister of Transport to take action to ensure the work is completed within the prescribed period?
- 2. Considering Québec's major investment in the construction of the bypass, will it be possible for the Government of Québec to follow up with the Government of Canada to know all the details of the agreement made to ensure that the bypass is completed by 2023?

3. Given CP's late arrival in the feasibility study phase, which is taking longer than planned, and the control CP will have over the entire project without contributing financially, will it be possible for the Government of Québec to ask CP's management to specify the date it intends to begin the plans and specifications phase?

(248) Ms. Ghazal (Mercier) – **14 September 2021**To the Minister of the Environment and the Fight Against Climate Change

Citizens of Saint-Bruno-de-Montarville and of Chambly have recently brought to my attention the air pollution caused by crematoriums. Today, I would like to ensure that the Minister of the Environment will be giving this matter special attention. Chapter VIII of the Clean Air Regulation (CAR) deals specifically with crematoriums and animal incinerators, which are not considered incinerators and are therefore not subject to the stricter standards and rules in CAR's Chapter VII, which governs other incinerators.

Their sole requirement is to report, every five years, the concentration of total particles emitted into the atmosphere, without identifying the particles or analyzing samples of the other contaminants emitted. Yet scientific articles and Canada's Air Pollutant Emissions Inventory show that crematoriums emit 10 of the 12 most toxic contaminants denounced by the WHO and the Stockholm Convention.

According to the Canadian inventory, in 2019, crematoriums emitted just as much if not more dioxins and mercury than the most polluting companies. Crematoriums and animal incinerators do not use a filtration system, nor are they required to do so under Québec regulations.

However, these facilities are located in residential areas without buffer zones to protect sensitive areas near childcare centres, schools and homes.

Forty percent of the 85 crematoriums in Québec are located less than 20 metres from homes and 87% are less than 300 metres away. This is illegal in many countries and other Canadian provinces, including Ontario where a buffer zone of up to 500 metres is required.

Every day, thousands of Quebecers must endure this environmental pollution that affects their quality of life and needlessly jeopardizes their health.

Considering the foregoing, our questions to the Minister are the following:

- 1. Why are crematoriums and animal incinerators not subject to the same regulations as incinerators that require sample analyses and annual reporting of the contaminants they emit into the atmosphere?
- 2. Why are they allowed to be located nears homes, childcare centres, schools and parks and needlessly expose Québec families to the most toxic contaminants?
- 3. What does the Minister intend to do to remedy this situation, which is socially unacceptable and runs counter to all sustainable development efforts?

(249) Ms. Fournier (Marie-Victorin) – **14 September 2021**To the Minister of Education

In the factsheet "Enseigner et apprendre dehors" (outdoor teaching and learning) published in June 2020 and created in collaboration with the Fondation Monique-Fitz-Back, your department acknowledged the positive links between the outdoor learning approach and benefits such as student engagement, healthy lifestyles, critical and creative thinking, a heightened awareness of environmental responsibility and a greater sense of community. However, the outdoor learning approach is based on a specific program to be followed and curriculum to be learned, with common learning goals to be obtained. As a result, the target goals are mainly academic and the chances of broadening the scope are diminished.

In that context, a working committee comprised of citizens in my riding has taken steps to establish an alternative school with the forest school approach in Longueuil. The learning method proposed by the working committee for this new alternative school retains the concepts of respect for humans and their environment, community involvement and mutual assistance promoted by alternative schools that provide outdoor learning, and it is unique in that it is student centred and each child's overall development is ensured through a wide array of experiences, exploration, free play and discovery. The forest school approach is also part of a long-term process in which the academic structure may include diverse disciplines, such as meditation, risk management, gardening and interaction with nature. Although the aim is not to attain immediate measurable results, this approach does provide students the benefits of outdoor learning, and more.

The reputation of forest schools in Scandinavian countries, where the concept was introduced in the 1950s, is well established and the success of their approach is proven. Such schools are increasingly popular around the world and can be found in France, Denmark, Germany, England and the United States. In Québec, the pilot project École Forêt Nature in the Mauricie region yielded promising results after its first year of activities in 2016, but without being officially recognized by the Ministère de l'Éducation. The alternative primary school Saules-Rieurs in Verdun appears to be on track to meet the educational objectives for its target date in 2022.

It took more than four years of effort for the working group in my riding to finally gain the potential support of the Centre de services scolaire Marie-Victorin. However, facilitating the development of this type of school would not only help to decentralize academic institutions, but also meet a growing need for such schools and make more options available to the parents of school-age children, with an educational framework they want.

My question is the following:

Will the Minister commit to considering

- streamlining the process for developing alternative forest schools in order to make it simpler and faster;
- recognizing and supporting initiatives to provide forest learning activities;
- promoting the forest school approach, which is student-centred and ensures each child's overall development through regular, high-quality contact with nature?

(250) Mr. Gaudreault (Jonquière) – **14 September 2021**To the Minister of Energy and Natural Resources

On 9 July of this year, Hydro-Québec confirmed that the Saint-Narcisse dam, which entered into service in 1925, would be dismantled. The state-owned enterprise also stated that this decision was final.

However, the dam has an important heritage value for many residents of the municipality as well as for its mayor. Many were hoping that another project would be implemented in its facilities.

Consequently, as regards this project:

- 1. I would like to ask the Minister to make public the studies he has regarding the dam's dismantling, restoration and refurbishing.
- 2. I would also like the Minister to make public the information he has regarding the dam's condition.
- 3. I would like to know what steps the Minister has taken to ensure a proper assessment of the different options for the dam.

(251) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **15 September 2021**To the Government

In just 10 years, the number of Quebecers aged 75 and older will jump by 50%, or nearly 400,000 people.

It is obvious that the number of places in CHSLDs, which has remained around 40,000 for the last 15 years, should, according to experts, increase by approximately 2,000 per year over a period of 20 years.

I will remind you that Québec already has more residents in CHSLDs, intermediate resources and private seniors' residences (PSRs) than elsewhere in Canada and in the world. In fact, 9.4% of Quebecers aged 65 and older live in long-term residences, compared to 7% in Canada as a whole and 4% in countries such as France, Norway and the Netherlands.

The result during this COVID period: More than 5,210 people living in CHSLDs – that is 13% of the 40,000 Quebecers living in these residences – have died.

Over 50% of the 10,000 deaths in Québec have occurred in CHSLDs, and to this I add 20% of deaths occurring in private seniors' residences (PSRs). What a sad record. By comparison, long-term care centres accounted for 43% of deaths in France, 34% in the United Kingdom, and 28% in Germany.

But, unfortunately, this disaster does not stop there, the confinement and isolation measures employed to try to counter COVID in our CHSLDs, intermediate resources and private seniors' residences (RPA) have caused an acceleration in cognitive decline in many elderly people.

We have all heard accounts of seniors talking of being left all alone in small rooms where you lose all your references, go crazy and die of boredom. It was scandalous to see them shut inside, wandering around in circles not knowing what to do. Their dignity was violated. We have just lived through an unacceptable episode of ageism.

Understanding how the oldest of us survived and recovered from this crisis may well be useful in the face of further lockdowns and possible future pandemics.

This pandemic has put a strain on everyone's nerves. Faced with a heightened level of mental stress, seniors have had to find strategies to distance themselves from the realities of the pandemic. We have to listen to what they have to say.

We must listen, defend and protect them. Because Québec is not doing a good job of protecting its most vulnerable. I know that the situation is complex and full of nuances. However, these nuances will not change Québec's horrible track record during this crisis: I repeat, more than 5,000 seniors have died since the beginning of March 2020.

It must also be said that in Québec aging does not necessarily mean being dependent. Becoming dependent is not the destiny of every person who is growing older in our society.

The question is whether this chance to live a long, healthy life will turn into a disaster or will result in many more positive opportunities.

We are undergoing a heightened sense of awareness of the importance of knowing the whole truth about how our elders were treated during this pandemic, of the need to have an ombudsperson to defend elders' rights and ensure going forward that we create a society that adapts to our aging population to ensure the opportunity to age well and with dignity in Québec.

My questions are the following:

- 1. Will the Government act quickly following the tabling of this preliminary report to set up an independent, roving public inquiry commission to look into the circumstances that led to this disaster?
- 2. Will the Government call up Bill 497 in order to examine it and create an office of Seniors Ombudsperson?
- 3. Will the Government carry out as soon as possible the holding of an Estates General on the adaptation of our society to the aging of the population?

(252) Mr. Marissal (Rosemont) – **16 September 2021**To the Minister of Health and Social Services

In June of this year, Health Canada approved Trikafta, a breakthrough medicine to treat people living with cystic fibrosis.

Cystic fibrosis is the most common fatal disease affecting Canadian children and young adults. It causes various effects on the body, but mainly affects the digestive system and lungs. The persistence and ongoing infection in the lungs eventually lead to death in the majority of people with the disease.

A Canadian study published in the *Journal of Cystic Fibrosis* found that access to Trikafta as of 2021 would result in considerable health benefits for Canadians with the disease. By 2030, Trikafta could reduce the number of people living with severe lung disease by 60% and the number of deaths by 15%.

Health Canada's approval of Trikafta means that physicians can now prescribe the drug to their cystic fibrosis patients. However, before everyone who needs the drug can benefit from it, public and private prescription drug insurance plans must agree to reimburse it.

The ball is now in the Québec government's court, since it must now decide whether public and private plans will reimburse this extremely costly drug.

My question to the Minister of Health and Social Services is the following:

Does the Minister intend to make the drug Trikafta available to all Quebecers who need it through prescription drug insurance?

(253) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **16 September 2021**To the Government

Ever since our ancestors settled here, access to the sea, in particular port infrastructures, has played a central role not only in our economy, but also in our daily lives. Abandoning, neglecting or failing to invest the amounts needed to keep these infrastructures in operation would be the equivalent of sweeping under the rug the profound nature and the reality of Québec's maritime regions.

On 30 March 2020, the federal government transferred four ports in eastern Québec, including the port of Rimouski, to the Québec government. I could go on and on about the poor deal made by the Couillard government the year before but, unfortunately, we cannot rewrite that contract, which is very disadvantageous for Québec. This agreement only provides for slightly more than \$148 million for the upgrading **and** operation of the ports of Rimouski, Matane, Gaspé and Gros-Cacouna. Considering Ottawa's neglect to maintain these infrastructures in the past, we know that amount is laughable.

Rimouski is already a maritime innovation zone. How is it possible that the federal government allowed the Rimouski port to deteriorate to the point that the Coriolis II, a key research vessel used by the Institut des sciences de la mer (ISMER) maritime science centre, can no longer be based there? To tolerate such an absurd situation is to deny the obvious quality of our scientific researchers in this field.

The current Québec government can show greater foresight and wisdom than its predecessors, in particular the federal government. The new port authority for eastern Québec is considering projects that would allow the port of Rimouski to regain its previous status, including for citizens who use it for recreation and for visitors, who can admire the unique view of the magnificent maritime city of Rimouski.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- 1. In the wake of the federal government's 30 March 2020 transfer of the port of Rimouski, does the Québec government recognize the lack of funding allocated to it in the transfer agreement?
- 2. Considering the vital socio-economic role it plays in the region, can the Québec government definitively assure us that the funding for the work at the port of Rimouski is not limited to the amounts in the blundered 2019 agreement with Ottawa and confirm that as part of its new maritime policy, Rimouski can count on funding to improve and develop its infrastructure?

(254) Ms. Dorion (Taschereau) – **21 September 2021**To the Minister of Labour, Employment and Social Solidarity

I would like to draw the Minister of Social Solidarity's attention today to the situation, in particular, of persons receiving benefits under the Social Solidarity Program or Social Assistance Program who need assistive devices provided by CISSS and CIUSSS professionals, whose physical disabilities make them also eligible for assistive devices under the MSSS's AVQ-AVD program. These include a wide range of devices such as toilet seats, syringes, walkers, walking canes, etc.

The important thing to understand here is that a two-tiered system currently exists in our health and social services network. Here is a concrete example to illustrate my point for the Minister. Ms. Tremblay is not receiving benefits under the Social Assistance Program or Social Solidarity Program. She undergoes an in-home assessment by a health professional from her local CLSC. Based on the assessment, it is determined that she needs an adjustable toilet seat or a bath bench. Her occupational therapist, physiotherapist or nurse then fills out a material assistance request form for the CLSC's AVQ-AVD program. The completed form is then evaluated by a health professional team, and, if approved, the cost of the devices is fully covered by the AVQ-AVD program and a long-term loan is made. However, when Ms. Caron, a Social Assistance Program recipient, needs the same seat, additional steps are required because she has a paying agency. A special benefit is granted by the MTESS to the

MSSS for this type of assistive device resulting in it being partially covered by the MTESS and partially by the AVQ-AVD program. The AVQ-AVD program pays the balance still owing once the MTESS has granted its amount. To obtain this special benefit, a doctor's prescription is required as well as two price estimates from specialized stores. For example, for an electric bed costing \$2,000, the MTESS will pay \$435 and the AVQ-AVQ program covers the balance. However, for a person with a disability who is not a social assistance recipient, the MSSS will cover 100% of the costs through its AVQ-AVD program. This process is simpler, faster, more efficient and requires less work time for CISSS and CIUSSS health professionals. No doctor or specialist doctor is required.

For a toilet seat costing \$39, a health professional paid on average \$48 per hour must take several hours of their time to obtain documents from a doctor or health specialist, then sent to the MTESS officer to obtain a SR-006 form (for a special benefit authorization). The authorization must then be signed by the beneficiary and submitted to the AVO-AVD program, in the case of an MTESS beneficiary. As most such beneficiaries do not have a family physician, they end up going to an emergency room or walk-in medical clinic to obtain said prescriptions, which have been previously partially written up by CLSC professionals (to be signed by a doctor). Otherwise, the CLSC professionals have to retrace, contact, track down and take up doctors, precious time with this and then wait several weeks for said prescriptions to be sent by fax. Most often these same professionals have to search for the prescriptions because the beneficiaries often have severe disabilities that make it difficult to perform this type of task. All of this is not without mentioning the fact that some specialists and their administrative assistants are even contacted for assistive devices that could be prescribed by the health professionals the patients are already in contact with. In the midst of a shortage of family doctors, this seems like a rather strange allocation of resources.

It would be in the MTESS's interest to simply transfer the maximum eligible amount directly to the CLSCs at the request of the CLSC professionals, thus avoiding the need for medical prescriptions and price estimates. This would save the MSSS unnecessary salary expenses, paid simply to transfer small amounts from one government department to another.

In light of the aforementioned, my questions to the Minister of Labour, Employment and Social Solidarity are as follows:

- Does the Minister intend to set up a system for transferring the maximum eligible amount directly to a CLSC at the request of a CLSC health professional, thus avoiding the need for prescriptions and price estimates?
- If not, does the Minister intend to streamline the special benefit program to allow social assistance or social solidarity recipients to obtain prescriptions/recommendations for these assistive devices from the university-educated professionals authorized to do so by the CISSS and CIUSSS rather than doctors?

(255) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **22 September 2021**To the Government

Early childcare workers and educators working in the region's childcare centres (CPEs) have been without a work contract for 18 months. These people are essential for our families and for the regional economy. Now more than ever, it is essential to promote their profession by improving their working conditions.

In August, the Government announced 430 childcare spaces for the Bas-Saint-Laurent region, including 334 spaces for my riding. This is, of course, good news that I took the time to recognize. However, stakeholders in the sector and the Minister himself agreed that finding the workers to make these new spaces operational was a formidable challenge.

In order to meet this challenge of recruitment and of a critical shortage of personnel, which unfortunately leads to interruptions in service, it is obvious that better working conditions must be offered to CPE workers. It is inconceivable that the Government has left these people without a collective agreement for 18 months.

CPE workers are demanding, in particular, a fair wage increase for all job titles, the means to provide better services to children, including children with special needs, and compliance at all times with ratios for the children's safety. They also want the time to prepare the children's records and manage the kitchen.

In order to ensure a true economic recovery and allow parents to return to their work, the Government must act quickly to meet the demands of CPE workers and train new educators who are motivated by more respectful working conditions.

My question is the following:

Does the Government intend to improve the working conditions of CPE workers, considering that a lack of human resources in CPEs has serious impacts on the quality of life of families and the economic recovery?

Part 6

NOTICES

I. NOTICES PREVIOUSLY GIVEN

Government Bills

Private Members' Public Bills

Private Bills

II. NOTICES APPEARING FOR THE FIRST TIME