

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF QUÉBEC

SECOND SESSION

FORTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

Order Paper and Notices

of the Assembly

Wednesday, 25 May 2022 – No. 61 Nine forty a.m.

President of the National Assembly: Mr. François Paradis

Part 1

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS

STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS

- The Member for Masson on the following subject: *Recognizing the work accomplished by the Association de la neurofibromatose du Québec.*
- The Member for Jacques-Cartier on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. Bob Harmidy, who will soon be retiring after 47 years of service at Brasserie Le Manoir.*
- The Member for Bellechasse on the following subject: Several awards for Ferme Les cochons du Roy in Saint-Michel-de-Bellechasse.
- The Member for Saint-Laurent on the following subject: *Tax havens in Québec: a scourge.*
- The Member for Saint-Jean on the following subject: Invitation to the unveiling ceremony of the work commemorating the Grand Corvée that occurred on 11 and 12 June 2011.
- The Member for René-Lévesque on the following subject: *Tribute to Lefebvre Industri-AL*.
- The Member for Bourget on the following subject: *Tribute to Escale Famille Le Triolet*.
- The Member for Sherbrooke on the following subject: *Listening to the voice of young people in education.*
- The Member for Chutes-de-la-Chaudière on the following subject: *The Political Book Prize.*
- The Member for Argenteuil on the following subject: *Espace Monarque, an inspiring school project by Ms. Jennifer's class.*

STATEMENTS BY MINISTERS

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS

PRESENTING

- a) Papersb) Reports from committees
- c) Petitions

ORAL ANSWERS TO PETITIONS

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ORAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

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Part 2

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BUSINESS HAVING PRECEDENCE

URGENT DEBATES

DEBATES ON REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES

OTHER BUSINESS

I. Government Bills

Passage in Principle

(1) Bill 18

An Act to amend various provisions relating to public security and enacting the Act to assist in locating missing persons Introduced by the Minister of Public Security on **8 December 2021**

(2) Bill 19

An Act respecting health and social services information and amending various legislative provisions Introduced by the Minister of Health and Social services on **3 December 2021**

(3) Bill 27

An Act amending mainly certain Acts establishing public sector pension plans

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on **24 March 2022**

(4) Bill 30

An Act to recover amounts owed to the State Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on **14 June 2019**

(5) Bill 33

An Act amending the Taxation Act, the Act respecting the Québec sales tax and other provisions Introduced by the Minister of Finance on **12 May 2022** (6) Bill 34

An Act to improve access to justice by broadening the range of legal services provided free of charge or at a moderate cost Introduced by the Minister of Justice on **12 April 2022**

Committee Stage

(7) Bill 2

An Act respecting family law reform with regard to filiation and amending the Civil Code in relation to personality rights and civil status Introduced by the Minister of Justice on 21 October 2021 Report of the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 7 December 2021 Passed in principle on **1 February 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Institutions

(8) Bill 4

An Act to reinforce the governance of state-owned enterprises and to amend other legislative provisions Introduced by the Minister of Finance on 26 October 2021 Report of the Committee on Public Finance (consultations) tabled on 1 February 2022 Passed in principle on **2 February 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(9) Bill 9

An Act respecting the National Student Ombudsman Introduced by the Minister of Education on 23 November 2021 Report of the Committee on Culture and Education (consultations) tabled on 1 February 2022 Passed in principle on **3 February 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Culture and Education

(10) Bill 28

An Act to terminate the public health emergency Introduced by the Minister of Health and Social Services on 16 March 2022 Report of the Committee on Health and Social Services (consultations) tabled on 12 April 2022 Passed in principle on **11 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Health and Social Services

(11) Bill 23

An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 18 April 2019 Passed in principle on **19 September 2019**, and Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(12) Bill 29

An Act to facilitate the conduct of the next general election in Québec Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions and Electoral Reform on 23 March 2022 Report of the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 6 April 2022 Passed in principle on 7 April 2022, and

Referred to the Committee on Institutions

(13) Bill 32

An Act respecting academic freedom in the university sector Introduced by the Minister of Higher Education on 6 April 2022 Report of the Committee on Citizen Relations (consultations) tabled on 12 May 2022 Passed in principle on **24 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Citizen Relations

(14) Bill 35

An Act to harmonize and modernize the rules relating to the professional status of artists Introduced by the Minister of Culture and Communications on 27 April 2022 Passed in principle on **10 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Transportation and the Environment

(15) Bill 39

An Act to establish a new electoral system Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions, Electoral Reform and Access to Information on 25 September 2019 Report of the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 11 February 2020 Passed in principle on **8 October 2020**, and Referred to the Committee on Institutions

Report Stage

Passage

(16) Bill 11

An Act to increase the supply of primary care services and to improve the management of that supply (*modified title*)

Introduced by the Minister of Health and Social Services on 11 November 2021

Report of the Committee on Health and Social Services (consultations) tabled on 8 February 2022

Passed in principle on 10 February 2022

Report of the Committee on Health and Social Services adopted on 11 May 2022

(17) Bill 12

An Act mainly to promote Québec-sourced and responsible procurement by public bodies, to reinforce the integrity regime of enterprises and to increase the powers of the Autorité des marchés publics

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 3 February 2022

Passed in principle on 17 February 2022

Report of the Committee on Public Finance (consultations) tabled on 22 March 2022

Report of the Committee on Public Finance adopted on 24 May 2022

II. Private Members' Public Bills

Passage in Principle

(18) Bill 190

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language and other legislative provisions in order to enhance the protection of the French language Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on **11 November 2021**

- (19) Bill 191
 An Act to regulate the distribution of advertising items
 Introduced by the Member for Mercier on 11 November 2021
- (20) Bill 192

An Act to recognize the Members' oath to the people of Québec as the sole oath required for Members to take office Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on **28 February 2019** (21) Bill 193

An Act to establish a budgetary shield to protect education, child and youth protection services Introduced by the Member for Joliette on 7 February 2019

(22) Bill 194

An Act to ensure compliance with Québec's climate change-related obligations

Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 21 February 2019

(23) Bill 195

An Act to amend the Act respecting the National Assembly to extend the scope of the right to payment of expenses for counsel Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on **11 April 2019**

(24) Bill 196

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to establish a Passe-Sports register to collect data on the state of health of persons under 18 years of age following a concussion Introduced by the Member for Marquette on **11 April 2019**

(25) Bill 198

An Act to facilitate disclosure of wrongdoings Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on **9 May 2019**

(26) Bill 199

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act to establish a right of citizen initiative in environmental matters and reinforce the powers and independence of the Bureau d'audiences publiques sur l'environnement Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **25 September 2019**

(27) Bill 390

An Act providing for the temporary suspension of the right to increase the rent for a lease of a dwelling Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **4 November 2021**

(28) Bill 392An Act respecting the selection of Québec senatorsIntroduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 9 May 2019

(29) Bill 393

An Act to affirm Québec's participation in the appointment process for Québec Supreme Court of Canada judges Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 16 May 2019

(30) Bill 394

An Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in educational institutions that provide preschool education services, elementary school instructional services, or secondary school instructional services in general and vocational education, including adult education services Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on **21 October 2021**

(31) Bill 395

An Act to establish the Just Transition Fund Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on **28 October 2021**

(32) Bill 396

An Act for better air quality Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on **28 October 2021**

(33) Bill 397

An Act to reinforce oversight of the processes to select, renew a term of or dismiss directors of municipal police forces Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on 14 November 2019

(34) Bill 398

An Act to proclaim Québec Democracy Day Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **20 February 2020**

(35) Bill 399

An Act to establish a presumption of consent to organ or tissue donation after death

Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 5 November 2019

(36) Bill 490

An Act to establish the gradual electrification of Québec's vehicle fleet Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques on 26 September 2019

- (37) Bill 491
 An Act to combat food waste
 Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on
 12 November 2020
- (38) Bill 493
 Interculturalism Act
 Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 30 October 2019
- (39) Bill 494An Act to prohibit petroleum exploration and production Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 2 December 2021

(40) Bill 495

An Act to authorize the recording of sound and images during the public sittings of a municipal council or the public meetings of a council of a metropolitan community Introduced by the Member for Verdun on **20 November 2019**

(41) Bill 496
 Parliamentary Budget Officer Act
 Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 14 November 2019

(42) Bill 497

An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms in order to strengthen the protection of seniors' rights and create the office of Seniors Ombudsperson Introduced by the Member for Rimouski on **4 December 2019**

(43) Bill 499

An Act to promote taking gender equality and diversity into account in the budgetary process Introduced by the Member for Mercier on 24 February 2022

(44) Bill 590

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to establish free French instruction services for every person who resides in Québec Introduced by the Member for Jacques-Cartier on **4 December 2019**

(45) Bill 591

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to define the circumstances under which an employer may make knowledge of a language other than the official language a requirement for access to employment or a position

Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on 12 February 2020

(46) Bill 592

An Act to amend the Act respecting the flag and emblems of Québec to enhance the presence of the flag of Québec Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **11 June 2021**

(47) Bill 593

An Act to change the minimum age required to be a qualified elector Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **10 June 2021**

(48) Bill 594

An Act to improve the quality of care through the setting of ratios in certain institutions governed by the Act respecting health services and social services Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 26 May 2020

(49) Bill 595

An Act to create the Rent Register Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **4 June 2020**

(50) Bill 596

An Act to establish Pharma-Québec Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on **15 September 2020**

(51) Bill 597

An Act to improve support offered to entrepreneurs and farmers in relation to mental health Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **10 June 2020**

(52) Bill 598

An Act to authorize the holder of a restaurant sales liquor permit to sell, for takeout or delivery, spirit-based alcoholic beverages Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **12 June 2020**

(53) Bill 599
 An Act to respect sexual orientation and gender identity
 Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on
 22 September 2020

(54) Bill 690

An Act to promote socially responsible investments Presented by the Member for René-Lévesque on **9 December 2021**

(55) Bill 691

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Ministère des Transports to maintain air transportation services in certain regions of Québec Introduced by the Member for Mont-Royal–Outremont on **30 September 2020**

(56) Bill 692

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to prohibit fighting in sports activities in which persons under 18 years of age participate Introduced by the Member for Marquette on **21 October 2020**

(57) Bill 693

An Act to amend the Election Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in the context of political activities Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **22 October 2020**

(58) Bill 694

An Act to regulate appointments to certain senior positions Introduced by the Member for René-Levesque on **10 June 2021**

(59) Bill 695

An Act to set a standard for the maximum concentration of manganese in drinking water Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on **9 December 2020**

(60) Bill 696

An Act to replace the name of the electoral division of Arthabaska by Arthabaska-L'Érable Introduced by the Member for Arthabaska on **7 December 2021**

- (61) Bill 697 An Act to promote the disclosure of wrongdoings and strengthen the protection of whistleblowers Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 17 March 2021
- (62) Bill 698 An Act to temporarily limit the charges that restaurateurs may be required to pay for online order services and meal delivery services Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on 18 February 2021

(63) Bill 699

Act to promote integration of immigrants by organizing welcome ceremonies for newcomers Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **1** April 2021

(64) Bill 790

An Act to amend the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry to right the power imbalance

Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on 15 April 2021

(65) Bill 791

An Act respecting the implementation of study-family-work balance policies in particular in higher education institutions Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **30 September 2021**

(66) Bill 792

An Act to enhance the transparency of municipal councils Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **14 April 2021**

(67) Bill 794

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Institut de la statistique du Québec to facilitate the production and circulation of statistical information Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **21 April 2021**

(68) Bill 795

An Act to facilitate the Auditor General's access to documents and information necessary for the exercise of the Auditor General's powers and duties

Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 14 April 2022

(69) Bill 796

An Act respecting the Agence des infrastructures de transport du Québec Introduced by the Member for Îles-de-la-Madeleine on **1 June 2021**

(70) Bill 797
 An Act to amend the Business Corporations Act to include benefit corporations
 Introduced by the Member for Robert-Baldwin on 26 May 2021

(71) Bill 798

Act to permanently limit the amount of certain charges payable by restaurateurs when they retain the delivery services of a third person Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **3 December 2021**

- (72) Bill 799
 Right-to-Disconnect Act
 Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on
 10 December 2021
- (73) Bill 890
 An Act to amend various legislative provisions relating to financial assistance for education expenses
 Introduced by the Member for Bonaventure on 27 May 2021
- (74) Bill 892

An Act to broaden a lessee's right to have the rent fixed and to have other conditions of the lease modified by the Administrative Housing Tribunal Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **24 February 2022**

(75) Bill 893

An Act to facilitate the marketing of Québec microdistillers' and microbrewers' products Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on

10 June 2021

(76) Bill 894

An Act to prohibit petroleum exploration and production Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques on 16 September 2021

(77) Bill 896

An Act to amend the Election Act to encourage parity between women and men as candidates of political parties in a general election Introduced by the Member for LaFontaine on **7 October 2021**

(78) Bill 897

An Act to amend the Educational Childcare Act to guarantee the right to receive childcare services Introduced by the Member for LaFontaine on **29 September 2021**

(79) Bill 898

An Act to amend the Public Health Act to change the terms of renewal of the declaration of a state of health emergency Introduced by the Member for Iberville on **6 October 2021** Resuming the debate adjourned in the name of the Member for Saint-Jean on **9 February 2022**

(80) Bill 899

An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms to recognize the right to a healthful environment as a fundamental right Introduced by the Member for Verdun on **28 April 2022**

(81) Bill 990

An Act to confer rights on the St. Lawrence River Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on 5 May 2022

(82) Bill 991

Anti-Farm Land Grabbing Act Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on 24 May 2022

(83) Bill 992

An Act to amend the Labour Code in order to update the concept of establishment for the purposes of the provisions relating to strikebreakers Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **4 May 2022**

(84) Bill 993

An Act to amend the Civil Code to ensure greater protection of seniors as lessees against repossession of dwellings and evictions Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **12 May 2022**

- (85) Bill 994 An Act to empower local municipalities to exercise a pre-emptive right to acquire immovables Introduced by the Member for Gaspé on 12 May 2022
- (86) Bill 995

An Act to ensure student health and safety in the classroom by regulating ambient air quality in schools Introduced by the Member for Saint-Laurent on **12 May 2022**

Committee Stage

(87) Bill 197

An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on 9 April 2019 Passed in principle on **13 April 2021**, and Referred to the Committee on Citizen Relations

(88) Bill 391

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act in order to assert the primacy of Québec's jurisdiction in this area Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 30 May 2019 Passed in principle on **12 April 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Transportation and the Environment

(89) Bill 793

An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec Introduced by the Member for Argenteuil on 26 May 2021 Passed in principle on **10 June 2021**, and Referred to the Committee on Institutions

Report Stage

Passage

III. Private Bills

Hearings and Clause-by-Clause Consideration

(90) Bill 203

An Act respecting Ville de Laval Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Rose on **10 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(91) Bill 204

An Act respecting La Maison-Alcan and the Complexe-de-La-Maison-Alcan heritage site Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on 28 April 2022, and

Referred to the Committee on Culture and Education

(92) Bill 205

An Act respecting Ville de Victoriaville Introduced by the Member for Drummond–Bois-Francs on **10 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(93) Bill 206

An act respecting the International Air Transport Association Introduced by the Member for Chapleau on **5 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Transportation and the Environment

(94) Bill 207

An Act respecting Ville de Terrebonne Introduced by the Member for Masson on **12 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(95) Bill 208

An Act respecting certain alienations involving the maison Larue located at 306 rue des Érables, Neuville Introduced by the Member for Portneuf on **12 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Culture and Education

(96) Bill 209

An Act respecting Ville de Longueuil Introduced by the Member for Soulanges on **12 May 2022**, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(97) Bill 217

An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on **11 November 2020**, and Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

Passage in Principle

Passage

IV. Government Motions

- V. Estimates of Expenditure
- VI. Statutory Debates

BUSINESS STANDING IN THE NAME OF MEMBERS IN OPPOSITION

(98) 24 May 2022

Motion moved by the Member for Laurier-Dorion:

THAT Bill 993, An Act to amend the Civil Code to ensure greater protection of seniors as lessees against repossession of dwellings and evictions, do now pass in principle.

Part 3

BILLS PASSED

(Bills awaiting Royal Assent)

Bill 22

An Act to amend the Automobile Insurance Act, the Highway Safety Code and other provisions Passed on **24 May 2022**

Bill 96

An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec Passed on **24 May 2022**

Part 4

PROCEEDINGS IN COMMITTEES

The detailed calendar of the proceedings of each committee is available on the Internet site of the Assembly

COMMITTEE ON THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Économie et de l'Innovation on its administrative management and financial commitments.
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques on Chapter 2 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Eco-Taxation, Cross-Compliance and Eco-Responsibility for a Green and Responsible Economy".
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques and the Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation on Chapter 3 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Conservation of Water Resources".
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration on its administrative management and financial commitments.
- Hearing of the Secrétariat du Conseil du trésor on the Report on the application of the *Public Administration Act*.
- Hearing of the Auditor General of Québec on her annual management report and financial commitments.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Order of reference

 Examination of Hydro-Québec's Strategic Plan 2022-2026 (Order of reference given on 24 March 2022).

COMMITTEE ON PLANNING AND THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 203**, An Act respecting Ville de Laval (Order of reference given on 10 May 2022).
- Bill 205, An Act respecting Ville de Victoriaville (Order of reference given on 10 May 2022).
- Bill 207, An Act respecting Ville de Terrebonne (Order of reference given on 12 May 2022).

Bill 209, An Act respecting Ville de Longueuil (Order of reference given on 12 May 2022).

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND EDUCATION

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 9**, An Act respecting the National Student Ombudsman (Order of reference given on 3 February 2022).
- **Bill 204**, An Act respecting La Maison-Alcan and the Complexe-de-La-Maison-Alcan heritage site (Order of reference given on 28 April 2022).
- Bill 208, An Act respecting certain alienations involving the maison Larue located at 306 rue des Érables, Neuville (Order of reference given on 12 May 2022).

Statutory order

- Hearing the heads of educational institutions at the university level.

COMMITTEE ON LABOUR AND THE ECONOMY

Order of reference

Special consultations:

- **Bill 35**, An Act to harmonize and modernize the rules relating to the professional status of artists (Order of reference given on 5 May 2022).

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 35**, An Act to harmonize and modernize the rules relating to the professional status of artists (Order of reference given on 10 May 2022).
- **Bill 217**, An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC FINANCE

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- Bill 4, An Act to reinforce the governance of state-owned enterprises and to amend other legislative provisions (Order of reference given on 2 February 2022).
- **Bill 23**, An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONS

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 2**, An Act respecting family law reform with regard to filiation and amending the Civil Code in relation to personality rights and civil status (Order of reference given on 1 February 2022).
- **Bill 29**, An Act to facilitate the conduct of the next general election in Québec (Order of reference given on 7 April 2022).
- Bill 39, An Act to establish a new electoral system (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).
- **Bill 793**, An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

Statutory order

- Examination of the Report on the implementation of the Code of Ethics and Conduct of the Members of the National Assembly.

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

Interpellation:

By the Member for Joliette to the Minister Responsible for Canadian Relations and the Canadian Francophonie on the following subject: *The failure of the provincialist approach taken by the federalist Coalition Avenir Québec government to advance the constitutional claims it has made to the Canadian government* (notice given on 12 May 2022).

COMMITTEE ON CITIZEN RELATIONS

Order of reference

- Consideration of Bills:
- Bill 32, An Act respecting academic freedom in the university sector (Order of reference given on 24 May 2022).
- Bill 197, An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

Bill 28, An Act to terminate the public health emergency (Order of reference given on 11 May 2022)

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 206**, An act respecting the International Air Transport Association (Order of reference given on 5 May 2022)
- Bill 391, An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act in order to assert the primacy of Québec's jurisdiction in this area (Order of reference given on 12 April 2022).

Part 5

WRITTEN QUESTIONS

<u>Questions already placed</u> on the Order Paper are published each Wednesday

(88) Ms. Massé (Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques) –14 April 2022 To the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing

In the southern part of my riding, Sainte-Marie-Sainte-Jacques, there are three large sites where major real estate projects are being developed. Approximately 10,000 housing units are to be built on the sites formerly owned by the Maison de Radio-Canada, the Molson Brewery and Porte Sainte-Marie, to the east of the Jacques Cartier Bridge. Each of these sites will be developed over a period of 8 to 12 years.

Between 2018 and 2020, a rigorous public consultation process carried out by the Office de consultation publique de Montréal contributed to the city of Montréal's reflections on its Special Planning Program (SPP) project for the Faubourgs sector, where these large sites are located. Citizen participation reached record highs. For the pre-consultation, there were more than 1,000 participations, 223 written contributions and 58 oral statements. In addition, nearly 100 people asked more than 250 questions and the commission received more than 130 written opinions, 36 of which were discussed with the commissioners during the consultation process. The city of Montréal has therefore granted significant privileges to real estate developers, based on conditions of social acceptability mainly related to maintaining social diversity, which is achieved in large part through the construction of affordable social and family housing on the sites in question.

At the same time, the city of Montréal adopted the By-law for a Diverse Metropolis, which ensures the construction of a certain percentage of social housing in major real estate projects. This by-law applies to two of the three sites, namely the Molson Brewery and Porte Sainte-Marie sites.

With regard to the Radio-Canada site, an agreement governing the development of the site was negotiated and signed by the city of Montréal and the developers in 2017, which was before the By-law for a Diverse Metropolis came into effect. This agreement, which is still in effect, provides that 20% of the housing built on the site will be social housing, while 10% will be affordable housing. Let us recall that an entire neighbourhood, the Faubourg à m'lasse, was destroyed to allow the construction of the Maison de Radio-Canada, following the eviction of hundreds of families from this working-class neighbourhood.

To sum up, while families in the Centre-Sud neighbourhood are facing an unprecedented housing crisis, there is a great need for social housing. In addition to the endless wait lists of the Office d'habitation municipal de Montréal, the Comité Logement Ville-Marie has more than 1,000 households on its wait list for social housing. Fortunately, the three real estate developers have committed to building their respective share of social housing on the sites, for an estimated total of nearly 2,000 social housing units in this area alone.

My question is the following:

Considering the enormous need for social housing and the favourable context for the construction of social housing, both for the city of Montréal and for real estate developers, can the Minister confirm that Québec will provide sufficient funding to build the 2,000 units planned? Furthermore, can the Minister confirm the percentage of these units that will qualify for a subsidy from the Rent Supplement Program?

(89) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – 14 April 2022 To the Government

Québec is going through an inflationary period the likes of which has not been seen for at least three decades. This has of course affected citizens' disposable income and the profitability of many businesses.

I therefore find it very difficult to understand how the Minister of Finance, in his recent budget, could have forgotten the many businesses whose operations depend directly on fossil fuels. Whether it be transportation companies or farmers, it is not always possible for them to have their customers absorb the increased cost of their fuel bill.

A farmer in my riding told me that her diesel bill had almost tripled in one year! And higher fuel prices are also hitting carriers hard. For example, bulk carriers, which are often worker-entrepreneurs, cannot increase their contract prices accordingly, as they are subject to the Recueil des tarifs of the Ministère des Transports du Québec. For at least three years, the department itself has acknowledged that the amounts provided no longer reflect the pre-pandemic reality. Imagine how big the gap is now! If these entrepreneurs do not obtain support to counter skyrocketing fuel prices, the year 2022 will severely test their ability to survive.

My question is the following:

Will the Government commit to offering financial support for these businesses affected by rising fuel prices?

(90) Ms. Lessard-Therrien (Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue) – **26 April 2022** To the Minister of the Environment and the Fight Against Climate Change,

On 3 February 2022, I tabled a petition in the National Assembly on stopping the use of bromadiolone in Québec, in particular at Société des establishments de plein air du Québec (Sépaq) sites.

Bromadiolone is a highly toxic poison used to control rodents. Its use can result in the death of many creatures including birds of prey. Banned in a number of countries, states and provinces, such as France, California and British Columbia, this poison is still widely used in Québec, even though there are alternative rodent control methods based on non-toxic repellents.

Sépaq has already publicly stated that it has decided to no longer use bromadiolone for rodent control and will apply methods that do not pose a risk to nature's food chain.

My question for the Minister of the Environment and the Fight Against Climate Change is the following:

Does the Minister intend to ban the use of bromadiolone for rodent control throughout Québec?

(91) Ms. Ghazal (Mercier) – **26 April 2022** To the Minister of Education

On last 28 September, the CSSDM and the École Laurier school administration announced the decision to carry out major renovations to the parents of the approximately 500 children who attend this neighbourhood school located in the Mercier riding.

I was approached by many parents concerned about the future of their child's education, elected municipal officials and the governing board of École Laurier. A parents' committee mobilized and launched an online petition that gathered 361 signatures, asking for concerted work to preserve the quality of life in their neighborhood school. I had the opportunity to deliver this petition to the Minister in person on 7 December in the National Assembly Chamber.

In accordance with the *Education Act*, the CSSDM consulted the governing board of Laurier elementary school regarding the possibility of amending the deed of establishment. Following extensive consultation and joint action with the parents of pupils of École Laurier, its governing body submitted six recommendations to the CSSDM included in a resolution which was adopted on 7 December 2021. These recommendations included, among other things, offering a daycare service with a drop-off point in the neighbourhood in the mornings and evenings. This recommendation was retained following a survey completed by 328 parents of the 521 students. The survey showed that a significant majority (79%) wanted to use a daycare service located near the school.

The 2022-2025 three-year plan for the allocation and destination of buildings was adopted last 16 February, thus making official the relocation of École Laurier to Centre Lajeunesse (7378 Lajeunesse), 2.8 km from the school, for a period of two years. At an extraordinary meeting of the governing board on 14 March, the CSSDM presented the different transport and daycare service scenarios to parents. The purpose of this presentation was to "take the pulse" of the community before making a final decision. Three scenarios were presented to parents: Daycare in the transitional building and application of the transport policy (Option 1); Daycare near the school and implementation of shuttles between daycare location and school location (Option 2); Transitional daycare and modifications to the transport policy (Option 3). The CSSDM strongly recommended Option 1, without however taking into consideration the survey results showing that 79% of parents wanted a daycare service in proximity (Option 2). The CSSDM recommended excluding Option 2 citing catastrophic logistics scenarios, yet never contacted elected municipal officials to plan transportation or organizations that own premises adjacent to the school. Although Option 3 was exceptionally added by the CSSDM to meet the needs of the Laurier school community, it seems to have had more of an effect on parents' concerns about the safety of their children.

The CSSDM then asked the governing board to conduct a second survey regarding the three options presented, while mentioning that time was running out and that it was becoming increasingly difficult to organize the relocation in a concerted and socially responsible manner. Alternative solutions, including two additional options, quickly emerged from the community. The governing board wanted to include them in the second survey submitted to parents, but the CSSDM refused. However, the *Education Act* clearly states that the governing board may consult all parents of the school's pupils on any matter related to educational services. The governing board could therefore have included the alternative options in the survey to gather parents' needs, since this is part of its mandate.

I myself was present at the extraordinary meeting of the governing board of École Laurier on 14 March when the Director of School Organization Services of the CSSDM, Mr. Mathieu Desjardins, mentioned the "particular context" of École Laurier, namely the number of students and the central location. There is no doubt that this "particular context" makes the relocation of this school considerably more complex and that it is relevant to consider all alternative options.

When the Québec government passed its school board reform in June 2020, the clear objective was to bring decision-making as close as possible to students and the people directly involved with them, and always with their best interests in mind. I would like to emphasize the important participation of several parents of pupils from École Laurier in the CSSDM bodies reserved for them, being those people directly involved with the students, in this case, the governing board, the parents' committee and meetings of the board of directors of the CSSDM.

My questions to the Minister of Education are the following:

- Taking the case of École Laurier as an example, does the Minister consider that the school relocation mechanism is in keeping with the spirit of the school governance reform?
- Considering that the board of directors of the CSSDM has been under supervision for almost a year, are the CSSDM teams ready to coordinate a project of this scope and complexity?
- Why did the CSSDM fail to take into consideration the choice of 79% of parents who want to have a daycare service near the school?

(93) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **28 April 2022**

To the Minister of Justice

Over the years, in response to demands by various citizen rights groups, governments have committed to having a specific mechanism for presenting Cabinet briefs that propose bills or reforms.

This mechanism, known as the "impact clause", must make it possible to assess the impact of a bill or reform on, for example, the environment, youth or poverty.

With respect to poverty, the *Act to combat poverty and social exclusion* passed in 2002 "requires" that the Government carefully examine any brief submitted to the Cabinet in order to assess its impact on poverty. Some of the Government's recent actions, particularly with regard to housing, give me reason to doubt that the "poverty impact clause" is really taken seriously.

Recently, the Coalition pour la dignité des aînés (CDA), a group of national seniors' associations, has proposed that a "seniors impact clause", inspired by the "youth impact clause" in briefs presented to the Cabinet, be provided for in the development of public policies.

My questions to the Minister of Justice and Chair of the Comité de legislation are as follows:

- How many "impact clauses" must be respected when preparing briefs for the Cabinet?
- Can he confirm that the poverty impact clause is truly respected?
- Lastly, is he open to introducing a new seniors impact clause?
- (94) Mme Weil (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce) 3 May 2022 To the Minister of Transport

The Dalle-Parc is a project to create a bicycle and pedestrian green bridge connecting the Notre-Dame-de-Grâce neighbourhood and the Town of Montreal West, both in my riding, with the Sud-Ouest borough, by crossing over Autoroute 20. This project has the advantage of linking neighbourhoods that are isolated from each other by the Turcot Interchange project.

Furthermore, according to the Conseil régional de l'environnement de Montréal, this green bridge project would eventually be a key part of a green corridor linking the riverbanks and Parc Angrignon to Cavendish Boulevard. Many elected officials, citizens, experts and organizations support the completion of this green link.

Following two feasibility studies, funded by the Québec government and Ville de Montréal and conducted in 2019 and 2020, we have no additional information on the implementation or funding of this green and essential project, which promotes active transportation and improves the quality of life of citizens in the surrounding neighborhoods and on the island of Montreal.

Can the Minister give us a status report on the budgets and timelines for the green bridge project?

(95) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – 3 May 2022 To the Government

An issue has been brought to my attention regarding health care workers' rights to practice. It seems that various professional orders have taken their mandate to inspect health care workers to a new level. Why is this? There doesn't seem to be any particular reason, other than perhaps telework. In the particular context of the ongoing health crisis and the critical shortage of health care workers, we can legitimately be concerned about this new and different management by professional orders. The workers' representatives have received little or no explanation from the professional orders.

According to these representatives, this situation causes health care workers to be absent for long periods of up to eight months, without pay and at their own expense. It seems inconceivable to me, or at the very least questionable, to proceed in this way at a time when health care workers' availability is at an all-time low. Such an attitude can only exacerbate the exodus of workers to other professions where they will be respected. This directly affects the care offered to the population, and what particularly concerns me is that it seems to have an impact on the recruitment of health care workers in the regions, which is an additional challenge in the context of the health crisis.

My questions are the following:

- Is the Government aware of this situation?
- Does it intend to take action on this particular issue, which is of critical importance to me, to health care workers and to the regional population?
- (96) Ms. Ghazal (Mercier) **5 May 2022**

To the Minister of Health and Social Services

Bill 96, while being a step forward for the protection and promotion of the French language, raises some questions related to the services offered by the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux.

The Québec State has the duty to ensure that every resident of Québec, regardless of their level of French, has equitable access to the health and social services that are essential to their health and well-being.

In section 2 of the *Act respecting health services and social* it is stated that it is necessary to "take account of the distinctive geographical, linguistic, sociocultural, ethnocultural and socioeconomic characteristics of each region" and that it is necessary to "foster, to the extent allowed by the resources, access to health services and social services in their own languages for members of the various cultural communities of Québec." This section reflects the kind of humanism States that respect minorities must put forward.

Section 349 of the same Act states that it is necessary to "facilitate accessibility to health and social services in a manner which is respectful of the characteristics of those cultural communities."

Despite this, many people from ethnocultural communities do not feel reassured by the amendments being made to the *Charter of the French language* by Bill 96.

I often say the way we debate is important, and in this matter, I would have liked to hear the Government, either through the Premier or the Minister Responsible for the French Language, clearly explain the impact this bill will have in the delivery of health services.

My questions to the Minister are as follows:

- Can the Minister confirm that access to state-paid interpreters will be allowed, even after 6 months, for immigrants and refugees?
- If so, will the use of a state-paid interpreter be permitted for all health care and all social services provided through the public network, or only for certain types of care or under certain circumstances? Is it the healthcare professional who determines whether the use of an interpreter is required? Will the use of an interpreter be permitted even for individuals who speak a little French, but are more comfortable in their mother tongue?
- Can the Minister give us some guidance on the scope of the exception that allows the use of a language other than French "where health, public safety or the principles of natural justice so require"? More specifically, does it cover all health care and social services provided through the public network, or only some?
- Can the Minister tell us what would happen if an immigrant or a refugee who arrived more than 6 months previous had to receive health care or social services and that person did not master either French or English?

• Could a physician who speaks a language other than French or English use that language to speak with a person from an immigrant or refugee background who arrived more than 6 months previous and who has a very limited understanding of French? Would this be allowed for salaried professionals in the public network such as nurses, social workers, speech therapists and psychologists?

(97) Ms. Perry Mélançon (Gaspé) – 5 May 2022 To the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor

On 24 February, the Government announced the Plan de régionalisation de 5 000 emplois de l'administration publique. The territories covered by the job transfers were identified in particular according to the economic vitality index (EVI) of the RCMs and the plan states that the municipalities with the greatest need for high-quality jobs will be able to benefit from the positions created or transferred by the public service. That same day, the Government revealed the initial location of 15 shared government offices, two of which are located in Gaspésie, that is in New Richmond and Gaspé.

The MRC de la Haute-Gaspésie, which has the lowest EVI in the region, and even in Québec, was excluded in this first announcement. Considering that the elected officials from Haute-Gaspésie and the mayor of the central city have often expressed their wish to welcome jobs from Québec's public service, that they have had discussions with the Government on this topic and that the city has the infrastructure required for such transfers, questions remain in the community since the announcement on 24 February regarding the choice made by the Government for the first phase of regionalizing positions. It is recognized that more than 3,000 other positions will be transferred in Québec's regions by 2028 and Haute-Gaspésie wishes to be included in this initiative.

My question to the Minister is the following:

What process in Gaspésie was used to determine the cities where the first shared government offices would be established: analysis of the situation, consultation partners, data collected and discussions that enabled the Secrétariat du Conseil du trésor to make its decision?

(98) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) – 10 May 2022
 To the Minister of Health and Social Services

The User Travel Policy was revised on 28 April 2021 to provide for increased compensation for patients who must travel to large centres to receive health care. Although it was well-received, this revision is still not sufficient to represent the actual costs and duration of travel. Considering inflation and the long distances to be covered, it is obvious that patients in the regions still have to spend money to obtain health care and services.

The Minister of Health and Social Services undertook to adjust the current scale of charges during the examination of the estimates of expenditure last 27 April.

In light of this undertaking, our questions to the Minister of Health and Social Services are the following:

- Will the Minister harmonize the compensation for the cost of an overnight stay and road travel with the scale of charges applicable to public servants? Will the Minister of Health and Social Services undertake to index the amount of the indemnities paid on an annual basis, based on inflation?
- Will the Minister commit to modifying the User Travel Policy so that it applies to users living in a geographical location of more than 100 km instead of 200 km?
- Will the Minister commit to reimbursing patients for the actual duration of trips for their entire stay?
- (99) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) **10 May 2022** To the Government

I witnessed a great hullabaloo in front of my riding office yesterday.

Dozens of artisan truckers arrived in front of the building with their vehicles and honking their horns. I can testify that this makes a lot of noise, but I fear there will be even more if we do not listen to their demands.

These entrepreneurs, who are often both employer and sole employee, have been hit hard by the drastic increase in fuel prices in recent weeks. If you think that \$2 per litre is expensive to fill up your car, know that diesel is sometimes sold for up to 60 cents more. However, no one in the Government has bothered, to date, to simply listen to them. On 21 March, I wrote to the Minister of Economy and Innovation to raise his awareness of this serious problem. No reply, not even an acknowledgment of receipt from him. I previously placed a question on the *Order Paper* on this topic, to which I am still waiting for an answer. In the most recent budget, the Government has made absolutely no provision for this. The clock is ticking, because if the Government does not support artisan truckers, on the eve of the peak season for construction in Québec, these entrepreneurs will work nearly at a loss. Imagine the impact the disappearance of these businesses would have on our regions, where they are an essential link in our economy.

Today I am referring this to the Minister of Transport, since the *Recueil des tarifs du ministère des Transports*, which determines the tariffication of services of artisan truckers, is under his jurisdiction. The truckers tell me that the Ministère itself recognized that its tariffs did not reflect reality, even before the pandemic and the war in Ukraine. Negotiations for the revision of the *Recueil* have been underway for three years without success.

My questions are the following:

- Does the Government acknowledge the undue burden of fuel prices on artisan truckers?
- Will the Government commit to offering financial support for these businesses affected by rising fuel prices?
- (100) Mr. Fontecilla (Laurier-Dorion) **10 May 2022** To the Minister of Public Security

Quebec is currently collaborating with the Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA) to allow immigrants who have committed no crime to be detained in Québec prisons. However, a report recently revealed the unacceptable conditions of detention experienced by these people: arbitrary and indefinite detentions, physical abuse and mistreatment, separation of children and parents, etc. According to a legal opinion obtained by Amnistie internationale Canada francophone, the migrant incarceration practices currently in place in Canada are in violation of international human rights law.

It goes without saying that Québec must stop condoning CBSA's unacceptable practices. Migrants are already experiencing many extremely difficult situations that have an impact on their physical and mental health. It is obvious that detention only increases the precariousness of their health.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- How can she justify the fact that the Ministère de la Sécurité publique is still working with the CBSA despite these revelations in recent months?
- Does she plan to terminate the agreement between her department and the CBSA?
- (101) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) **10 May 2022** To the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing

Nunavik is facing a disturbing number of infant deaths, mostly under obscure or unexplained circumstances. The region's police chief even had to alert Québec's Bureau du Coroner. The latter indicates that the situation is alarming. Several of these deaths have been classified as being caused by Sudden Infant Death Syndrome.

Although there is no certainty regarding the specific causes of this syndrome, certain elements have been identified as risk factors, including smoking and bed sharing. Sixty percent of children under the age of 6 live in overcrowded homes. Housing is a major issue in Nunavik, and this can have serious consequences for infants. However, the Québec government is not doing enough in this matter to ensure that people living in Nunavik, especially infants, enjoy healthy and dignified living conditions.

My question to the Minister is the following: What is she doing to ensure the rapid and sufficient development of housing in Northern Québec, especially for the Inuit communities of Nunavik?

(102) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) – 24 May 2022 To the Minister of Transport

According to Order in Council No. 1060-2021 dated 7 July 2021, it appears that amendments to the *Regulation respecting road vehicles used for the transportation of students* (chapter T-12, r. 17) do not apply to a school bus used to transport students to a location served by a Hydro-Québec independent electric power distribution system mentioned in Schedule II. Yet, although the Magdalen Islands archipelago is served by an independent Hydro-Québec system, it is not included in the locations listed in Schedule II of this Regulation.

Given this situation, our questions to the Minister of Transport are as follows:

- Will the Minister of Transport commit to amending Schedule II of the *Regulation respecting road vehicles used for the transportation of students* (chapter T-12, r. 17) to include Îles-de-la-Madeleine among the locations served by an independent Hydro-Québec system?
- Will the Minister of Transport commit to applying in Îles-de-la-Madeleine the same standard applicable to other locations served by a Hydro-Québec independent electric power distribution system?
- Will the Minister commit to implementing these amendments by the beginning of the next school year?
- (103) Mr. Fortin (Pontiac) 24 May 2022

To the Minister of Transport

During the consultations on Bill 22, An Act to amend the Automobile Insurance Act, the Highway Safety Code and other provisions, various briefs were submitted. One of them proposed to add two elements to the bill to improve practices with the SAAQ and insurers.

The first idea is to require the holders of a driver's licence that has been suspended, for example for drinking and driving or demerit points, to provide the SAAQ with proof of insurance for a period of 3 to 5 years. According to the brief's author, this measure would be advantageous for good drivers when they renegotiate their insurance premiums. In his view, it would make it possible to more appropriately set the premiums for motorists based on their behaviour and thus lower the cost for good drivers while increasing it for offenders.

The second idea concerns productivity, bureaucracy and wait times. It is a matter of driving records. Currently, to access one's driving record, the SAAQ system requires that a request be submitted on paper by mail. Citizens who want to obtain their driving record must therefore contend with postal and bureaucratic delays. Insurers may also access driving records while incurring costs and delays. In short, the brief seems to propose solutions, such as electronic access, to facilitate information sharing while ensuring the protection of personal data.

Can the Minister tell us what follow-up he is committed to regarding this brief and, further to my first question, can he explain the grounds on which he is basing his decision?

(104) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **24 May 2022** To the Government

Currently, soccer fans, and especially hockey fans, are bombarded with online gambling ads. You have to watch a hockey playoff game on TV to realize the extent of the phenomenon: "This period is brought to you by Bet.net!" A commentator-journalist-expert adds that if he trusts Bet, fans can also. Then, Leo, Jack and others take turns at every commercial during overtime.

However, in its own advertising, Loto-Québec warns fans that only Loto-Québec is allowed to advertise online gaming sites and that other sites are illegal. The governmentowned corporation states that "a star does not make an illegal gaming website legal. When a well-known public figure acts as a spokesperson for an illegal gaming website in Québec, the site still remains illegal in Québec."

The situation is serious. According to the INSPQ, for the past twenty years, the development of online gambling has raised public health concerns around the world. This has led Loto-Québec to put in place numerous measures to prevent players from engaging in irresponsible behaviour; such initiatives are not found on illegal sites, which are heavily advertised.

According to the INSPQ, online players usually exhibit more psychosocial problems than offline players. "2% of the 4.2 million players in Québec experience gambling problems, while among online players, this proportion rises to 23%." This can result in depression, suicide, poverty and family conflicts.

My questions are the following:

- The Government has the power to legislate, so why does it not recognize this issue and take action now to ban illegal online gambling sites?
- Why does the Government allow ads from illegal sites to be shown in Québec?

(105) Ms. Dorion (Taschereau) – 24 May 2022 To the Minister of Transport

On 28 April 2022, the Québec government unveiled the 2022–2027 implementation plan for the 2030 Plan for a Green Economy, increasing investments in the fight against climate change, as announced in the 2022–2023 Québec budget.

This follows the 22 March 2022 budget statement, which raised much hope regarding confirmation of the Québec government's determination to electrify transportation in the province. Subsequently, the paid passenger transportation industry had to admit that taxi electrification had been put on hold because investments were by no means enough to complete this component, which is however essential for Québec's ecological transition.

However, this "new version" of the implementation plan allocates increased funding for several important areas, including electrification and efficiency in transportation (\$3.48 billion). Specifically, page 47 of the document states that \$10.8 million will be invested over 4 years, including the current year, to electrify 40% of taxis by 2030.

Obviously, this is a worthwhile investment. However, several questions remain for the paid passenger transportation industry.

In light of the aforementioned, my questions to the Minister of Transport are the following:

- Can the Minister explain to Québecers and to the paid passenger transportation industry what this amount means in terms of the MTQ program, and what the timelines are?
- Can the Minister confirm whether this is an extension of the existing electrification program, or whether it is a pre-announcement of a new upcoming program?
- If it turns out that these amounts are to pre-announce new programs for taxi electrification, then when does the Minister intend to inform the public with an official announcement?

(106) Mr. Fontecilla (Laurier-Dorion) – 24 May 2022 To the Minister of Finance

Québec is currently experiencing a massive housing crisis. Quebecers are facing significant rent increases, many "renovictions" and unacceptable tactics by many real estate owners.

Real estate speculation is no stranger to this, quite the contrary, especially through money laundering. In fact, the Québec real estate market is currently heavily invested in money laundering, according to several observations and studies conducted in recent years. Other jurisdictions are also struggling with this situation. British Columbia has launched a major investigation which resulted in a report with very clear conclusions: money laundering in real estate is a growing phenomenon throughout Canada and elsewhere in the world. According to this information, billions of dollars are at stake.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- Does the Minister of Finance think it is appropriate to launch a public inquiry into real estate money laundering, as British Columbia recently did?
- What steps is his Government taking to address this problem?
- (107) Mr. Barrette (La Pinière) **25 May 2022** To the Premier

On two occasions, first on 23 April 2021 and then on 1 October 2021, Mr. Michel Lépine, President of NOBCO Micro-systèmes, sent the Premier a formal request for a public inquiry into a matter involving Mr. Lépine and his company, National Bank and, at the time, the CSST.

Mr. Lépine alleges there may be embezzlement, even fraud, in the performance of a \$130 million contract involving at least the three above-mentioned parties, the result of which he was defrauded.

Without passing judgment on the substance of the allegations, it appears to me that Mr. Lépine has legitimate reason to consider himself in the position of a whistleblower and to expect a follow-up to his request.

However, as of 31 December 2021, Mr. Lépine had still not received any follow-up to his two requests. Faced with this lack of response, Mr. Lépine sent an affidavit concerning his allegations to the Premier's office on 8 March 2022.

Allegations of fraud, corruption, fabrication, and even destruction of evidence – this situation, if proven true, and given Mr. Lépine's professional background as an SPVM investigator, not only necessitates the Premier's attention, but also from an ethical point of view should make him want to answer the following questions.

First, can the Premier assure us that a detailed response will be given to Mr. Lépine as soon as possible? Also, can be give the House an update on this matter? And, lastly, can the Premier tell us whether an assessment has been carried out, and if so, what the conclusions are and how he intends to follow-up on this assessment?

Part 6

NOTICES

I. NOTICES PREVIOUSLY GIVEN

Government Bills

- (a) 24 May 2022
 An Act to amend the Act respecting end-of-life care and other legislative provisions *Minister of Health and Social Services*
- **(b)** 24 May 2022

An Act to amend various legislative provisions mainly with respect to housing – *Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing*

Private Members' Public Bills

(c) 24 March 2022

An Act to promote the resolution of the conflict between the central municipality of the urban agglomeration of Montréal and the other related municipalities concerning the formula used to calculate their fiscal potential – *Member for Vaudreuil*

Private Bills

II. NOTICES APPEARING FOR THE FIRST TIME