

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF QUÉBEC

SECOND SESSION

FORTY-SECOND LEGISLATURE

Order Paper and Notices

of the Assembly

Wednesday, 24 November 2021 – No. 14 Nine forty a.m.

President of the National Assembly: Mr. François Paradis

Part 1

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS

STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS

- The Member for Chauveau on the following subject: Ms. Zoé Girard, Ours de bronze (14–17 years) winner.
- The Member for Vaudreuil on the following subject: *The new Île-aux-Tourtes bridge: a missed opportunity to enhance Vaudreuil public transportation.*
- The Member for Beauce-Nord on the following subject: Congratulations to Ms. Émilie Ferland and Mr. Clifford Miller on receiving the 2021 Jeune entreprise award from Développement économique Nouvelle-Beauce.
- The Member for Bourassa-Sauvé on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. Jonas Kouassi*.
- The Member for Huntingdon on the following subject: *Congratulations to the collective entreprise Complices alimentaires*.
- The Member for Masson on the following subject: *The tree of joy for our young people*.
- The Member for Bourget on the following subject: Ms. Catherine Kargas's essential ecological contribution.
- The Member for Bonaventure on the following subject: *Tribute to forestry workers*.
- The Member for Brome-Missisquoi on the following subject: *Congratulations to the elected officials of Brome-Missisquoi*.
- The Member for Champlain on the following subject: *The county's Maisons des familles*.

STATEMENTS BY MINISTERS

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Part 2

ORDERS OF THE DAY

BUSINESS HAVING PRECEDENCE

URGENT DEBATES

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OTHER BUSINESS

I. Government Bills

Passage in Principle

(1) Bill 1

An Act to amend the Educational Childcare Act to improve access to the educational childcare services network and complete its development Introduced by the Minister of Families on **21 October 2021**

(2) Bill 2

An Act respecting family law reform with regard to filiation and amending the Civil Code in relation to personality rights and civil status Introduced by the Minister of Justice on **21 October 2021**

(3) Bill 4

An Act to reinforce the governance of state-owned enterprises and to amend other legislative provisions

Introduced by the Minister of Finance on 26 October 2021

(4) Bill 7

An Act to facilitate the conduct of the next provincial general election in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic and to amend the Election Act Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions and

Electoral Reform on 27 October 2021

Report of the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 11 November 2021

Resuming the debate, adjourned in the name of the Member for LaFontaine on **23 November 2021**, on the hoist motion by the Member for Jacques-Cartier, —THAT the motion under debate be amended by striking out the word "now" and by adding at the end thereof the words "10 weeks hence"

(5) Bill 8

An Act to postpone the coming into force of certain provisions of the Act to transfer responsibility for the registry of lobbyists to the Lobbyists Commissioner and to implement the Charbonneau Commission recommendation on the prescription period for bringing penal proceedings Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions and Electoral Reform on 9 November 2021

(6) Bill 9

An Act respecting the National Student Ombudsman Introduced by the Minister of Education on 23 November 2021

(**7**) Bill 11

An Act to increase the supply of primary care services by general practitioners and to improve the management of that supply Introduced by the Minister of Health and Social Services on 11 November 2021

(8) Bill 30

An Act to recover amounts owed to the State
Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and
Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 14 June 2019

(9) Bill 102

An Act mainly to reinforce the enforcement of environmental and dam safety legislation, to ensure the responsible management of pesticides and to implement certain measures of the 2030 Plan for a Green Economy concerning zero emission vehicles

Introduced by the Minister of the Environment and the Fight Against Climate Change on **5 October 2021**.

Committee Stage

(10) Bill 3

An Act to amend various legislative provisions mainly with respect to the financial sector

Introduced by the Minister of Finance on 20 October 2021

Report of the Committee on Public Finance (consultations) tabled on 10 November 2021

Passed in principle on 11 November 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(11) Bill 5

An Act to give effect to fiscal measures announced in the Budget Speech delivered on 25 March 2021 and to certain other measures Introduced by the Minister of Finance on 2 November 2021

Passed in principle on 23 November 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(12) Bill 6

An Act to enact the Act respecting the Ministère de la Cybersécurité et du Numérique and to amend other provisions

Introduced by the Minister for Government Digital Transformation on 28 October 2021

Passed in principle on 10 November 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(13) Bill 23

An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on 18 April 2019

Passed in principle on 19 September 2019, and

Referred to the Committee on Public Finance

(14) Bill 39

An Act to establish a new electoral system

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions, Electoral Reform and Access to Information on 25 September 2019

Report from the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 11 February 2020

Passed in principle on 8 October 2020, and

Referred to the Committee on Institutions

(15) Bill 96

An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec Introduced by the Minister Responsible for the French Language on 13 May 2021

Report of the Committee on Culture and Education (consultations) tabled on 21 October 2021

Passed in principle on 4 November 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Culture and Education

(16) Bill 101

An Act to strengthen the fight against maltreatment of seniors and other persons of full age in vulnerable situations as well as the monitoring of the quality of health services and social services

Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Seniors and Informal Caregivers on 9 June 2021

Report of the Committee on Citizen Relations (consultations) tabled on 5 October 2021

Passed in principle on 6 October 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Citizen Relations

(17) Bill 103

An Act to amend various legislative provisions mainly for the purpose of reducing red tape

Introduced by the Minister for the Economy on 6 October 2021

Report of the Committee on Labour and the Economy (consultations) tabled on 4 November 2021

Passed in principle on 9 November 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

Report Stage

(18) Bill 92

An Act to create a court specialized in sexual violence and domestic violence and respecting training of judges in these matters

Introduced by the Minister of Justice on 15 September 2021

Passed in principle on 22 September 2021

Report of the Committee on Institutions (consultations) tabled on 28 October 2021

Report of the Committee on Institutions tabled on 23 November 2021

Passage

II. Private Members' Public Bills

Passage in Principle

(19) Bill 190

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language and other legislative provisions in order to enhance the protection of the French language Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on 11 November 2021

(20) Bill 191

An Act to regulate the distribution of advertising items Introduced by the Member for Mercier on 11 November 2021

(21) Bill 192

An Act to recognize the Members' oath to the people of Québec as the sole oath required for Members to take office Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on 28 February 2019

(22) Bill 193

An Act to establish a budgetary shield to protect education, child and youth protection services
Introduced by the Member for Joliette on 7 February 2019

(23) Bill 194

An Act to ensure compliance with Québec's climate change-related obligations

Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 21 February 2019

(24) Bill 195

An Act to amend the Act respecting the National Assembly to extend the scope of the right to payment of expenses for counsel Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on 11 April 2019

(25) Bill 196

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to establish a Passe-Sports register to collect data on the state of health of persons under 18 years of age following a concussion

Introduced by the Member for Marquette on 11 April 2019

(26) Bill 198

An Act to facilitate disclosure of wrongdoings Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 9 May 2019

(27) Bill 199

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act to establish a right of citizen initiative in environmental matters and reinforce the powers and independence of the Bureau d'audiences publiques sur l'environnement Introduced by the Member for Mercier on 25 September 2019

(28) Bill 390

An Act providing for the temporary suspension of the right to increase the rent for a lease of a dwelling

Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on 4 November 2021

(**29**) Bill 391

An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act in order to assert the primacy of Québec's jurisdiction in this area Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 30 May 2019

(30) Bill 392

An Act respecting the selection of Québec senators Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 9 May 2019

(31) Bill 393

An Act to affirm Québec's participation in the appointment process for Québec Supreme Court of Canada judges

Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 16 May 2019

(32) Bill 394

An Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in educational institutions that provide preschool education services, elementary school instructional services, or secondary school instructional services in general and vocational education, including adult education services

Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on 21 October 2021

(33) Bill 395

An Act to establish the Just Transition Fund Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on **28 October 2021**

(34) Bill 396

An Act for better air quality Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on 28 October 2021

(35) Bill 397

An Act to reinforce oversight of the processes to select, renew a term of or dismiss directors of municipal police forces
Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on 14 November 2019

(36) Bill 398

An Act to proclaim Québec Democracy Day Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on **20 February 2020**

(37) Bill 399

An Act to establish a presumption of consent to organ or tissue donation after death

Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 5 November 2019

(**38**) Bill 490

An Act to establish the gradual electrification of Québec's vehicle fleet Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques on **26 September 2019**

(39) Bill 491

An Act to combat food waste Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on 12 November 2020

(40) Bill 493

Interculturalism Act Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 30 October 2019

(41) Bill 495

An Act to authorize the recording of sound and images during the public sittings of a municipal council or the public meetings of a council of a metropolitan community

Introduced by the Member for Verdun on 20 November 2019

(**42**) Bill 496

Parliamentary Budget Officer Act Introduced by the Member for Rosemont on 14 November 2019

(43) Bill 497

An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms in order to strengthen the protection of seniors' rights and create the office of Seniors Ombudsperson

Introduced by the Member for Rimouski on 4 December 2019

(44) Bill 590

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to establish free French instruction services for every person who resides in Québec Introduced by the Member for Jacques-Cartier on 4 December 2019

(45) Bill 591

An Act to amend the Charter of the French language to define the circumstances under which an employer may make knowledge of a language other than the official language a requirement for access to employment or a position

Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on 12 February 2020

(46) Bill 592

An Act to amend the Act respecting the flag and emblems of Québec to enhance the presence of the flag of Québec Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 11 June 2021

(47) Bill 593

An Act to change the minimum age required to be a qualified elector Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 10 June 2021

(48) Bill 594

An Act to improve the quality of care through the setting of ratios in certain institutions governed by the Act respecting health services and social services Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 26 May 2020

(49) Bill 595

An Act to create the Rent Register Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **4 June 2020**

(**50**) Bill 596

An Act to establish Pharma-Québec Introduced by the Member for Jean-Lesage on 15 September 2020

(51) Bill 597

An Act to improve support offered to entrepreneurs and farmers in relation to mental health
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on 10 June 2020

(**52**) Bill 598

An Act to authorize the holder of a restaurant sales liquor permit to sell, for takeout or delivery, spirit-based alcoholic beverages Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 12 June 2020

(53) Bill 599

An Act to respect sexual orientation and gender identity
Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on
22 September 2020

(54) Bill 691

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Ministère des Transports to maintain air transportation services in certain regions of Québec Introduced by the Member for Mont-Royal-Outremont on 30 September 2020

(55) Bill 692

An Act to amend the Act respecting safety in sports to prohibit fighting in sports activities in which persons under 18 years of age participate Introduced by the Member for Marquette on 21 October 2020

(**56**) Bill 693

An Act to amend the Election Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in the context of political activities

Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 22 October 2020

(57) Bill 694

An Act to regulate appointments to certain senior positions Introduced by the Member for René-Levesque on 10 June 2021

(**58**) Bill 695

An Act to set a standard for the maximum concentration of manganese in drinking water

Introduced by the Member for Vaudreuil on 9 December 2020

(59) Bill 697

An Act to promote the disclosure of wrongdoings and strengthen the protection of whistleblowers

Introduced by the Member for Jonquière on 17 March 2021

(60) Bill 698

An Act to temporarily limit the charges that restaurateurs may be required to pay for online order services and meal delivery services
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on 18 February 2021

(61) Bill 699

Act to promote integration of immigrants by organizing welcome ceremonies for newcomers

Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 1 April 2021

(**62**) Bill 790

An Act to amend the Act respecting labour relations, vocational training and workforce management in the construction industry to right the power imbalance

Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on 15 April 2021

(63) Bill 791

An Act respecting the implementation of study-family-work balance policies in particular in higher education institutions
Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on 30 September 2021

(**64**) Bill 792

An Act to enhance the transparency of municipal councils Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 14 April 2021

(65) Bill 794

An Act to amend the Act respecting the Institut de la statistique du Québec to facilitate the production and circulation of statistical information Introduced by the Member for Marie-Victorin on 21 April 2021

(66) Bill 796

An Act respecting the Agence des infrastructures de transport du Québec Introduced by the Member for Îles-de-la-Madeleine on 1 June 2021

(67) Bill 797

An Act to amend the Business Corporations Act to include benefit corporations
Introduced by the Member for Robert-Baldwin on 26 May 2021

(**68**) Bill 890

An Act to amend various legislative provisions relating to financial assistance for education expenses
Introduced by the Member for Bonaventure on 27 May 2021

(69) Bill 893

An Act to facilitate the marketing of Québec microdistillers' and microbrewers' products

Introduced by the Member for Rouyn-Noranda–Témiscamingue on

10 June 2021

(70) Bill 894

An Act to prohibit petroleum exploration and production Introduced by the Member for Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques on 16 September 2021

(71) Bill 896

An Act to amend the Election Act to encourage parity between women and men as candidates of political parties in a general election Introduced by the Member for LaFontaine on 7 October 2021

(72) Bill 897

An Act to amend the Educational Childcare Act to guarantee the right to receive childcare services

Introduced by the Member for LaFontaine on 29 September 2021

(73) Bill 898

An Act to amend the Public Health Act to change the terms of renewal of the declaration of a state of health emergency Introduced by the Member for Iberville on 6 October 2021

Committee Stage

(74) Bill 197

An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods

Introduced by the Member for Chomedey on 9 April 2019

Passed in principle on 13 April 2021, and

Referred to the Committee on Citizen Relations

(75) Bill 793

An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec Introduced by the Member for Argenteuil on 26 May 2021 Passed in principle on **10 June 2021**, and Referred to the Committee on Institutions

Report Stage

Passage

III. Private Bills

Hearings and Clause-by-Clause Consideration

(76) Bill 200

An Act respecting Ville de Montréal Introduced by the Member for Bourget on 10 November 2021, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(77) Bill 201

An Act to extend the time limit specified in section 137 of the Charter of Ville de Gatineau

Introduced by the Member for Bourget on 10 November 2021, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(78) Bill 202

An Act respecting the insurer activities of the Fédération québécoise des municipalités locales et régionales (FQM) and its amalgamation with, by absorption of, La Mutuelle des municipalités du Québec Introduced by the Member for Orford on 11 November 2021, and Referred to the Committee on Planning and the Public Domain

(**79**) Bill 217

An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal

Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on 11 November 2020, and

Referred to the Committee on Labour and the Economy

Passage in Principle

(80) Bill 219

An Act respecting an immovable located on Rue University in Montréal (on the Royal Victoria Hospital site) (modified title)

Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on 11 November 2020

Report of the Committee on Public Finance passed on 14 September 2021

Passage

IV. Government Motions

V. Estimates of Expenditure

VI. Statutory Debates

BUSINESS STANDING IN THE NAME OF MEMBERS IN OPPOSITION

(81) 23 November 2021

Motion moved by the Member for Rosemont

THAT the National Assembly note that the coroner's inquest into the management of the pandemic in CHSLDs has revealed serious deficiencies, gaps and inconsistencies in the health network;

THAT it deplore the lack of comprehensive oversight, despite the various and frequent revelations in the media;

THAT it affirm that the impacts of the mismanagement of the pandemic have been felt in all sectors of society;

THAT it recognize that Quebecers and more specifically seniors and their families have suffered from the Government's improvisation and lack of professionalism;

THAT it highlight that the public has not had access to the written notices and documents that were used by the Government to make decisions, notably those issued by public health authorities;

THAT the National Assembly ask the Government to immediately establish a public inquiry, under the *Act respecting public inquiry commissions*, on the management of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Part 3 BILLS PASSED

(Bills awaiting Royal Assent)

Part 4

PROCEEDINGS IN COMMITTEES

The detailed calendar of the proceedings of each committee is available on the Internet site of the Assembly

COMMITTEE ON THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Économie et de l'Innovation on its administrative management and financial commitments.
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques on Chapter 2 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Eco-Taxation, Cross-Compliance and Eco-Responsibility for a Green and Responsible Economy".
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques and the Ministère des Affaires municipales et de l'Habitation on Chapter 3 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's June 2020 report entitled "Conservation of Water Resources".
- Hearing of the Ministère de la Famille on its administrative management and financial commitments, as well as on Chapter 2 of the Auditor General of Québec's October 2020 report entitled "Access to Educational Childcare Services".
- Hearing of the Secrétariat du Conseil du trésor on the Report on the application of the *Public Administration Act*.
- Hearing of the Société d'habitation du Québec on Chapter 4 of the Auditor General of Québec's October 2020 report on housing projects entitled "AccèsLogis Québec Programme: Réalisation des projets d'habitation" as a follow-up to recommendation 2.1 of the 41st report from the Committee on Public Administration.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Order in compliance with the Standing Orders

Interpellation by the Member for Mont-Royal—Outremont to the Minister of Energy and Natural Resources on the following subject: *Quebecers will pay* dearly for the CAQ government's poor decisions, in particular as regards energy rates (notice given on 11 November 2021).

COMMITTEE ON PLANNING AND THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 200**, An Act respecting Ville de Montréal (Order of reference given on 10 November 2021).
- **Bill 201**, An Act to extend the time limit specified in section 137 of the Charter of Ville de Gatineau (Order of reference given on 10 November 2021).
- Bill 202, An Act respecting the insurer activities of the Fédération québécoise des municipalités locales et régionales (FQM) and its amalgamation with, by absorption of, La Mutuelle des municipalités du Québec (Order of reference given on 11 November 2021).

COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND EDUCATION

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 96**, An Act respecting French, the official and common language of Québec (Order of reference given on 4 November 2021).

Statutory order

- Hearing the heads of educational institutions at the university level.

COMMITTEE ON LABOUR AND THE ECONOMY

Order of reference

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 103**, An Act to amend various legislative provisions mainly for the purpose of reducing red tape (Order of reference given on 9 November 2021).
- **Bill 217**, An Act respecting the objects and powers of the Roman Catholic Archiepiscopal corporation of Montreal (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC FINANCE

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

 Bill 6, An Act to enact the Act respecting the Ministère de la Cybersécurité et du Numérique and to amend other provisions (Order of reference given on 10 November 2021).

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 3**, An Act to amend various legislative provisions mainly with respect to the financial sector (Order of reference given on 11 November 2021).
- Bill 5, An Act to give effect to fiscal measures announced in the Budget Speech delivered on 25 March 2021 and to certain other measures (Order of reference given on 23 November 2021).
 - Bill 6, An Act to enact the Act respecting the Ministère de la Cybersécurité et du Numérique and to amend other provisions (Order of reference given on 10 November 2021).
 - Bill 23, An Act respecting the names and responsibilities of certain ministers and government departments and to enact the Act respecting the Ministère des Forêts, de la Faune et des Parcs (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONS

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

 Bill 2, An Act respecting family law reform with regard to filiation and amending the Civil Code in relation to personality rights and civil status (Order of reference given on 23 November 2021).

Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 39**, An Act to establish a new electoral system (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).
- **Bill 793**, An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

Statutory order

 Examination of the Report on the implementation of the Code of Ethics and Conduct of the Members of the National Assembly.

COMMITTEE ON CITIZEN RELATIONS

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

 Bill 1, An Act to amend the Educational Childcare Act to improve access to the educational childcare services network and complete its development (Order of reference given on 11 November 2021).

Consideration of Bills:

- Bill 101, An Act to strengthen the fight against maltreatment of seniors and other persons of full age in vulnerable situations as well as the monitoring of the quality of health services and social services (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).
- Bill 197, An Act to amend the Consumer Protection Act to fight planned obsolescence and assert the right to repair goods (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

Bill 102, An Act mainly to reinforce the enforcement of environmental and dam safety legislation, to ensure the responsible management of pesticides and to implement certain measures of the 2030 Plan for a Green Economy concerning zero emission vehicles (Order of reference given on 3 November 2021).

SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE EVOLUTION OF THE ACT RESPECTING END-OF-LIFE CARE

Order of reference

Special Consultations:

Examine the issues related to extending medical aid in dying to persons who
are incapable of caring for themselves or who are suffering from a mental
illness (Order of reference given on 20 October 2021).

Part 5

WRITTEN QUESTIONS

<u>Ouestions already placed</u> on the Order Paper are published each Wednesday

(5) Ms. Nichols (Vaudreuil) – **21 October 2021**To the Minister of Municipal Affairs and Housing

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Tribunal administratif du logement (Administrative Housing Tribunal) revealed a major increase in the delays citizens who have recourse to this body.

For the years 2019–2020 to 2020–2021, the delay for a case to be heard before the Administrative Housing Tribunal rose by 40%, which means, in practice, that wait times have gone up from around 3 1/2 months in 2019–2020 to almost 5 months the following year.

For cases related to the fixing or review of rent, the average six-month wait renters experienced in 2019–2020 rose to more than a year in 2020–2021, without mentioning the extended wait times for urgent civil proceedings.

Whereas our neighbours in Ontario can receive legal services within a reasonable wait time of a few weeks, here in Québec the situation is worsening and the COVID-19 pandemic seems to be the reason used to justify every problem, including wait times that are much too long.

What does the Minister intend to do to reduce wait times at the Administrative Housing Tribunal as of this year?

(6) Mr. Fortin (Pontiac) – **26 October 2021**To the Minister of Transports

This summer, several media articles reported on a new and alarming phenomenon: the failure of drivers and passengers to wear seat belts in road vehicles.

Last year, more than a third of the people who died on Québec roads were not wearing a seat belt. This was a significant increase compared to the previous year.

Wearing seat belts saves lives and the benefits of doing so are extensively documented and proven.

According to a number of experts, it seems that the failure to wear seat belts is due to forgetfulness or a lack of interest in safe practices, perhaps due to a lack of awareness. The last seat belt awareness campaign was in 2018.

The Société de l'assurance automobile (SAAQ) stated that it wants to wait and see if 2020 was an atypical year before planning actions. However, we think that this wait is difficult to justify.

Other statistics have shown that, due to telework and behavioural changes brought about by the pandemic, there have been fewer accidents, but that these have been deadlier. Some patrol officers say that the decrease in congestion has led people to drive faster.

Every serious injury or death related to the failure to wear a seat belt is one too many and is unacceptable. Road safety is an important issue for everyone.

Can the Minister tell us what he intends to do to address the failure to wear seat belts?

(7) Mr. Fortin (Pontiac) – **26 October 2021**To the Minister of Transports

In January 2020, one of the Sureté du Québec's helicopters crashed during a search for the victims of a snowmobile accident in Saguenay.

Eight months later, in August 2020, the Government purchased a used Airbus H145 helicopter by means of an untendered agreement.

A year later, untendered negotiations took place for the purchase of two Bell 412 helicopters.

According to the pilots affected, by proceeding in this manner, the Government is not allowing itself to explore avenues that would enable it to acquire the aircraft required to meet their operational needs. For example, the 412 model does not have the ability to "hover" in the case of an engine failure.

Nearly two years later, the fleet consists of two different models. Pilots criticize the lack of standardization which, under difficult conditions, could increase the risk of pilot error.

All three cases involved contracts worth several tens of millions of dollars. The Government pleads that urgent action was needed but we can see that the untendered agreement process took several months.

The process and advantages of calling for tenders are, however, clear. The Government has developed expertise in acquiring goods and services in order to be able to properly invest taxpayers' money.

Can the Minister tell us if it would have been possible to use a call for tenders, and why this wasn't done in a direct and formal manner?

What justified the urgent need to make these untendered purchases?

Can the Minister tell us how, without a call for tenders, he can guarantee that this is the best choice to meet the needs, at the best price and in the shortest timeline?

(8) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **26 October 2021**To the Government

The Coalition nationale pour la tarification sociale en transport is a group of community organizations from several regions in Québec calling for a social fare for public transportation.

Several social exclusion issues are attracting the attention of these groups:

- Without an adequate and accessible public transportation service, people living
 in poverty have little or no chance to develop personally in their social
 relationships since they must limit their contacts.
- Because people living in poverty do not have access to the service, they are
 prevented from exercising their right to work, education and health.
- A universal tariff restricts people living in poverty from accessing the service.
- In many rural communities, public transportation is very limited or non-existent.

It has become clear that offering a social fare for passenger transportation based on users' income and ability to pay enhances quality of life and fights poverty and social exclusion.

My question is the following:

In order to ensure the longevity of public transportation services, and the respect and dignity of persons, can the Government commit to increasing its financial contributions to municipalities so that they may offer a social fare for public transportation (regular and adapted) in the regions of Québec?

(9) Mr. Rousselle (Vimont) – **26 October 2021**To the Minister of Public Security,

The resurgence of gun violence in Québec and the proliferation of shootings in the past months have raised concerns, and rightly so, among the various forces of peace officers, who fear for their safety.

Highway controllers are the only peace officers who do not carry a service weapon.

Nevertheless, they are called on to intervene in dangerous situations. The Government considers their work dangerous enough to provide them with bullet-proof vests with their uniform. However, highway controllers are limited to carrying a baton and pepper spray during their interventions, despite having undergone weapons training.

Considering the fact that they intervene with heavy duty vehicles, which may contain goods destined for the black market, there is reason to be concerned for their safety.

Can the Minister tell us what the Government's position is regarding the Fraternité des constables du contrôle routier du Québec's request to bear arms?

Does the Minister deem highway controllers to be adequately equipped to perform their job safely?

(10) Mr. Fortin (Pontiac) – **26 October 2021**To the Minister of Higher Education,

In June 2019, the Government decided to broaden the Intern Perseverance and Success Scholarship, in particular in the health and social services sectors, by adding new programs. Unfortunately, interns in their propaedeutical or first year of studies in a master's degree in social work were not included in that list. What is surprising is that their fellow students registered in a bachelor's degree in social work, who participate in internships that are for all intents and purposes identical, were included.

As a result, these master's students are deprived of \$2,700. One must understand that such an internship requires students to work four days a week, in addition to their other classes. It is therefore difficult to hold down another job during that period, and that is to say nothing of those students who have dependents.

In light of the above,

- 1. Can the Minister of Higher Education explain why she did not include students in propaedeutical studies in the master's degree in social work in the Intern Perseverance and Success Scholarship?
- 2. Will she reconsider her decision and include these students as of the 2022 winter semester?
- (11) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) **2 November 2021**To the Minister of Health and Social Services

Every year, 7,000 Quebecers are diagnosed with colorectal cancer, and 2,700 die from it. This cancer is the second deadliest in Québec. Early detection is the key to increasing patient survival rates, the idea being to detect the cancer at an early stage, before the signs and symptoms of the disease appear.

Currently, Quebecers must have a prescription to take an iFOBT (immunochemical fecal occult blood test). In the context of a shortage of family doctors, this is an obstacle to accessing the test. However, according to the Canadian Cancer Society, the 5-year survival rate for this type of cancer is 90% in the case of an early stage detection, but only 13% for an advanced stage cancer, which shows the importance of early detection.

In Québec, unlike elsewhere in Canada, we still do not have an organized colorectal cancer screening program. And yet, in 2016, a \$10 million investment was announced to launch the PQDCCR (Québec Colorectal Cancer Screening Program) in 2018; we are now at the end of 2021, and the program has still not been implemented.

Given this situation, our questions to the Minister of Health and Social Services are as follows:

- Will the Minister of Health and Social Services commit to implementing the PQDCCR in all regions of Québec by the end of next year? If not, will the Minister of Health and Social Services commit to providing a timeline for implementation of the PQDCCR?
- Will the Minister of Health and Social Services explain why the PQDCCR implementation has been delayed for years, despite millions of dollars in investments?

(12) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **3 November 2021**To the Government

An increasing number of Quebecers are not able to pay for oral health care. That's right, unfortunately in 2021 people in Québec are going without dental care for financial reasons.

Private and public insurance plans determine access to these services. So, because of the huge cost for families to enrol in a dental insurance program, they must choose to not see a dental professional in order to be able to pay for housing, food and other expenses.

However, oral health is an essential component of an individual's overall health. The science is clear on the links, in particular between inflamed gums and metabolic disorders such as diabetes.

Now is the time to address the social inequalities in health and correct the systemic inequities in the delivery of oral health services.

We know that the cost of a visit to the dentist, especially for specialized treatments, is very expensive. The solution therefore lies with the Régie de l'assurance maladie du Québec (RAMQ), which must cover oral care in the same way it covers other health care services.

My question is the following:

So that all Quebecers can go to the dentist without breaking the bank.

For the one in four Quebecers who must endure pain just because they do not have enough savings.

Will the Government, between now and the next election, include oral health care in the Québec Health Insurance Plan?

Will the government finally reach an agreement with the professionals regarding dental care covered by the RAMQ?

(13) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **3 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration shows that the Ministère failed to reach its personnel retention target. The retention rate for regular personnel was 92.1% in 2020–2021; its goal was 94%.

As an explanation, the Ministère indicated that a survey had been carried out as part of a process to mobilize personnel in fall 2020 and that measures to support mobilization and promote personnel retention should follow.

Can the Minister inform us of the measures that will be implemented to help reach the goal for personnel retention in the Ministère for the current and future years?

(14) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **3 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration shows that the Ministère failed to reach its target rate of immigrants in Québec.

How does the Minister explain the lack of progress in retaining immigrants? How does she reconcile this lack of progress with Coalition Avenir Québec's clear commitment to take in "fewer immigrants in order to take care of them"?

(15) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **3 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

According to data available from Statistics Canada, for at least five years, the Québec immigrant employment rate rose significantly, from 57.8% in 2014 to 64% in 2018.

However, since the Coalition Avenir Québec government came to power, the employment rate for immigrants who arrived in the last five years seems to be in decline.

As a result, the targets set in the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration's 2019–2023 strategic plan to reduce the gap between the employment rate of immigrants who arrived in the last five years in Québec and the rate in Canada were not met for a second consecutive year.

Can the Minister explain to us how she intends to reverse this trend?

(16) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **4 November 2021**To the Government

The pandemic that we have been facing for more than a year and a half now has revealed many things to us. For example, our services for the elderly, particularly in CHSLDs and seniors' residences, are often chaotic. We have not given serious thought to the impact of having hundreds of elderly people, who are by nature more vulnerable to health problems, living together under the same roof.

We have also neglected to focus on young children, because we believed they were less likely to become infected with COVID-19 and be affected by it. Anyone who follows the news at all understands that this is only partially true and that we should not further neglect our children's health security.

This preamble leads me to point out another blind spot in the Government's response to the pandemic. Shortly after the death toll in seniors' housing began to climb, we all learned of studies that revealed the potential role of ventilation systems in spreading the virus. This raises a critical public health question: in what condition are the ventilation systems in our public buildings?

Hundreds of thousands of Quebecers go to government-owned or -leased facilities every day. Schools, hospitals, housing services for the elderly, government agency and service offices; the list is long and obviously does not end there.

Are all these places vectors for the spread of not only COVID-19, but also other health problems as well? Can people with respiratory problems go to these places without fear of being adversely affected by contaminants in the air they breathe? In addition, the Government has just lifted its recommendation for teleworking, which makes my comments all the more relevant.

My questions are the following:

Does the Government acknowledge the risks of spreading contaminants of all kinds (bacteria, viruses, etc.) in the ventilation systems in use in the premises it owns or leases?

What measures does the Government intend to take to ensure the safety of ventilation equipment in its owned or leased premises?

Will the Government commit to tightening controls on these systems with respect to prepandemic measures, whether that be their inspection, cleaning or upgrading when necessary?

(17) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **9 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

On 20 October 2020, the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration adjusted its 2019–2023 strategic plan, lowering several of its goals so as to take into consideration the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on the department's activities.

The targets for 2020–2021 were also changed, although more than half of that fiscal year had already passed.

Based on the results in the 2020–2021 annual report of the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration, nearly 20% of the goals have been successfully completed, but only because the revised goals' targets were lowered in October 2020.

Can the Minister tell us if she considers that, in terms of accountability, amending targets during the year constitutes a good practice for properly assessing the department's performance in reaching its targets and can she specify all the goals that were lowered during the year through full accountability?

(18) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **9 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

Under the Canada—Quebec Accord Relating to Immigration and Temporary Admission of Aliens, the Québec government receives financial compensation from the Government of Canada to address Canada's withdrawal from the delivery of immigrant integration and francization services.

Can the Minister tell us the amount received in 2020–2021?

(19) Mr. Polo (Laval-des-Rapides) – **9 November 2021**To the Minister of Immigration, Francization and Integration

Since 2004, the Ministère de l'Immigration, de la Francisation et de l'Intégration has produced a statistical bulletin every quarter on permanent immigration to Québec.

However, those bulletins have not been available on the department's website since the second quarter of 2020.

Can the Minister tell us when the department intends to resume this practice, which makes it possible to track changes in permanent immigration to Québec with full transparency?

(20) Ms. St-Pierre (Acadie) – **10 November 2021**To the Minister of Culture and Communications

The Centre de conservation du Québec (CCQ) charges by the hour for services to restore objects and works of art and for expertise services in preventive conservation, training and documentation.

In 2020–2021, the charges for these services increased by:

- 2.63% for nonprofit organizations;
- 2.04% for public agencies;
- 2.27% for for-profit businesses and individuals.

Regarding any rate increases, on 3 October 2019 the Premier said that what we have told Quebecers, and promised during the election campaign, is that in Québec, in the future, no tax or rate will increase by more than inflation. That's a promise, and like all our promises, we're going to keep it.

On 27 November 2019, in response to a written question from the Member for Verdun, the Minister of Culture and Communications replied that the increase in CCQ rates was due to a five-year catch-up policy in effect until 2019–2020 and that thereafter, the rates will increase at the beginning of each fiscal year in keeping with inflation.

Considering that in 2020 inflation in Québec was 0.8% according to the Institut de la Statistique du Québec (ISQ), can the Minister explain to us how she plans to reconcile these rate increases with the Premier's formal commitment and her 27 November 2019 response?

(21) Ms. St-Pierre (Acadie) – **10 November 2021**To the Minister of Culture and Communications

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de la Culture et des Communications states, on page 43, that the action to improve the synergy and coordination of cultural initiatives of the department and its state-owned enterprises has been put on hold.

The work of the committee set up in 2018 to work on procedures to promote dialogue and collaboration between the department and its state-owned enterprises has been put on hold.

Can the Minister tell us her intentions with regard to resuming this committee's work?

(22) Ms. St-Pierre (Acadie) – **10 November 2021**To the Minister of Culture and Communications

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de la Culture et des Communications includes results for the department's 2016–2020 sustainable development action plan.

The results show that the targets for seven of the eight objectives were not met, so the success rate is only 12.5%.

Can the Minister tell us how satisfied she is with these results, the reasons why each failed target was not met and the measures she intends to put in place to meet the targets?

(23) Ms. St-Pierre (Acadie) – **10 November 2021**To the Minister of Culture and Communications

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de la Culture et des Communications mentions, on page 41, the suspension of the action to implement a Réflexe Montréal framework agreement on the Québec government's and Ville de Montréal's commitments for the recognition of the special status of the metropolis and for the continuation of discussions with Ville de Montréal to develop an agreement to delegate the application of the art and architecture integration policy, better known as the "1% policy".

Can the Minister tell us the reason for this suspension and indicate to us how committed she is to carrying out the planned action for the occupancy and vitality of the territories?

(24) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **10 November 2021**

The lifting of the public health emergency by the start of 2022 is great news, but for 136 young people with significant disabilities, it is a quite different story. They are housed in 9 resources managed by community organizations whose main mission is to provide housing with services available 24/7. These resources were created, in conjunction with the institutions in the health and social services network, to offer an alternative for young people with disabilities who would otherwise be in CHSLDs.

The end of the \$4 per hour premium granted during the pandemic to the beneficiary attendants who work with these people will have serious impacts on the living environment of the 136 young people with disabilities who will have to move into a CHSLD. Indeed, this decision creates two categories of beneficiary attendants in Québec, because the premium has become a permanent measure in the public network (in CHSLDs and hospitals) and in the intermediate resources network. Clearly, the premium must be made permanent in order to prevent an exodus of beneficiary attendants to other jobs.

For these residents, the option of living in a CHSLD is so out of the question that we can read in their testimonies that they feel the only other option for them is to request medical assistance in dying. The labour challenge is at the heart of the survival of these living environments; above all, it is important not to create two categories of beneficiary attendants with the dreaded consequences for these people for whom living in dignity is a fundamental right.

My questions are the following:

Will the Government consider the request from community housing resources to make the premium for their beneficiary attendants a permanent measure?

How does the Government intend to ensure the sustainability of these special living environments for young people with severe disabilities by preventing the exodus of their personnel to other positions in the network?

(25) Ms. St-Pierre (Acadie) – **11 November 2021**To the Minister of Culture and Communications

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère de la Culture et des Communications states, on page 50, that 13.5% of requests for access to administrative documents were processed after the legal time limit of 30 days.

The Act respecting Access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information provides, in section 47, that a response must be provided within 20 days of receiving the request, and that an additional 10 days may be invoked.

To explain this result, the Ministère refers to the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the processing of 20 requests that required access to paper-only versions, documents to which it was impossible for the personnel to have access during the reorganization arising from the confinement ordered under the public health emergency.

While this explanation is perfectly logical, it remains that the Ministère seems to be struggling to comply with the legal obligation to reply to requests within 30 days: according to the Ministère's 2019–2020 annual management report, 10% of requests made that year were processed after the time limit provided.

Given that access to information within the prescribed time is one of the pillars of the principle of transparency, can the Minister tell us what measures will be implemented to ensure that requests for access to administrative documents will be processed according to the time limits provided for by law in the Ministère de la Culture et des Communications?

(26) Mr. Tanguay (LaFontaine) – 11 November 2021

To the Minister Responsible for Access to Information and the Protection of Personal Information

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère du Conseil exécutif states, on page 55, that 6% of requests for access to administrative documents were processed after the legal time limit of 30 days.

The Act respecting Access to documents held by public bodies and the Protection of personal information provides, in section 47, that a response must be provided within 20 days of receiving the request, and that an additional 10 days may be invoked.

Given that access to information within the prescribed time is one of the pillars of the principle of transparency, can the Minister tell us what measures will be implemented to ensure that requests for access to administrative documents will be processed according to the time limits provided for by law in the Ministère du Conseil exécutif?

(27) Mr. Tanguay (LaFontaine) – 11 November 2021

To the Minister Responsible for Democratic Institutions and Electoral Reform,

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Ministère du Conseil exécutif states, on page 27, that the Ministère continued its work on Bill 39, An Act to establish a new electoral system.

Given that the consultations on Bill 39 ended on 6 February 2020 and that the only legislative activity concerning Bill 39 that took place during the period covered by the 2020–2021 annual management report from April 2020 to March 2021 was the bill's passage in principle on 8 October 2020, can the Minister specify the nature of the work carried out by the Ministère regarding Bill 39?

29) Mr. Gaudreault (Jonquière) – **24 November 2021**To the Minister of Energy and Natural Resources

On July 9 of this year, Hydro-Québec confirmed that the Saint-Narcisse dam, which was commissioned in 1925, would be dismantled. The state-owned enterprise also stated that this decision was final.

However, the dam has an important heritage value for many residents of the municipality as well as for its mayor. Many were hoping that another project would be implemented in its facilities.

Consequently, as regards this project:

- 1. I would like to ask the Minister to make public the studies he has regarding the dam's dismantling, restoration and refurbishing.
- 2. I would also like the Minister to make public the information he has regarding the dam's condition.
- 3. I would like to know what steps the Minister has taken to ensure a proper assessment of the different options for the dam.
- 4. I would like the Minister to take into account the fact that an initial version of this question was put to him in mid-September 2021, but that an answer was never provided because parliamentary proceedings were prorogued.

30) Mr. Rousselle (Vimont) – **24 November 2021**To the Minister of Public Security

The 2021–2024 strategic plan of the Anti-Corruption Commissioner states that the number of cases reported by the public to the Commissioner decreased from 874 in 2017–2018 to 396 in 2019–2020. According to the Commissioner, this fact is concerning, because public reports are among the main sources for launching an investigation.

On page 14 of his Strategic Plan, the Commissioner points out that this does not constitute a general decrease in corruption-related crime. He states that overall crime is lower, but that one cannot say the same for corruption.

Can the Minister tell us what measures will be taken to remedy this situation, considering that the Commissioner's indicators show that the drop is most likely due to public perception?

31) Mr. Rousselle (Vimont) – **24 November 2021**To the Minister of Public Security

The 2020–2021 annual management report of the Bureau de la sécurité privé reported a spike in the number of temporary licences, in particular due to the increased need for security guarding as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The number of temporary licences for security guarding rose from 714 in 2019–2020 to 13,581 in 2020–2021.

Can the Minister tell us what measures have been put in place to ensure the quality of training and the supervision for such a large number of security guards with a temporary licence?

In addition, can the Minister tell us if the Bureau de la sécurité privé foresees a sustained demand for security guards and whether adequate resources are in place to train and licence such a large number of guards?

32) Mr. LeBel (Rimouski) – **24 November 2021**To the Government

When asked who was responsible for managing the situation in the CHSLDs and planning for the influx of vulnerable seniors at the beginning of the pandemic, the former Minister of Health and Social Services replied that the CISSS and CIUSSS directors general were responsible, adding that he asked the directors general to update a plan drawn up in 2009 to address the H1N1 crisis at a January 22, 2020 meeting.

However, the minutes of that meeting show that updating the plans was never discussed. This prompted Coroner Géhane Kamel to ask if the directive was not instead given at the end of February. The Minister's reply was simply that he could not answer.

An important email sounding the alarm on the situation at the CHSLD Herron and on 23 deaths that were likely to occur was "probably" received by members of his office staff, then forwarded to the Minister Responsible for Seniors and Informal Caregivers. No follow-up was given to that call for help.

Those are two examples of how the matter was bungled, in addition to the destruction of inspection reports and other unimaginable revelations heard week after week.

The Public Protector, Marie Rinfret, identified a number of causes for this "unprecedented humanitarian crisis", including improperly evaluating the CHSLDs' ability to deal with the situation, underestimating CHSLD residents' vulnerability to the virus, and personnel not knowing how to deal with infection during a major outbreak that was exacerbated by a lack of personal protective equipment and dilapidated facilities. The fact that public health directives were constantly changing also complicated things, especially with the lack of a manager at each facility.

As a result, during the COVID pandemic, more than 5,210 people living in CHSLDs – that is, 13% of the approximately 40,000 Quebecers living in these residences – died.

Over 50% of the 10,000 deaths in Québec occurred in CHSLDs. To this, we can add 20% of deaths in seniors' residences. What a tragic toll! In comparison, long-term care facilities accounted for 43% of the deaths in France, 34% in the United Kingdom, and 28% in Germany.

Currently, we are becoming aware, collectively, as a nation, of the importance of knowing the whole truth about how our seniors were treated during this pandemic. I repeat, more than 5,000 seniors have died since March 2020.

My question is the following:

Following the Public Protector's report and the many revelations heard before Coroner Géhane Kamel, will the Government act quickly to set up an independent, roving public inquiry commission to look into the circumstances that led to this disaster?

Part 6

NOTICES

I. NOTICES PREVIOUSLY GIVEN

Government Bills

Private Members' Public Bills

(aa) 23 November 2021 An Act to prohibit petroleum exploration and production – *Member for Jonquière*.

Private Bills

II. NOTICES APPEARING FOR THE FIRST TIME