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# NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF QUÉBEC

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SECOND SESSION

FORTY-THIRD LEGISLATURE

## **Order Paper and Notices**

**of the Assembly**

**Wednesday, 12 November 2025 — No. 18**

*Nine forty a.m.*

**President of the National Assembly:  
Madam Nathalie Roy**

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Part 1

**ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS**

**STATEMENTS BY MEMBERS**

- The Member for Bellechasse on the following subject: *Recognition of Mr. Gérald Gourde, an active entrepreneur in Les Etchemins.*
- The Member for Bourassa-Sauvé on the following subject: *Underline the 40th anniversary of the Centre d'action bénévole de Montréal-Nord.*
- The Member for Johnson on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. Jean-Marie Laplante.*
- The Member for Verdun on the following subject: *Renovation of the Douglas Mental Health University Institute.*
- The Member for Blainville on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. Serge Paquette.*
- The Member for Vaudreuil on the following subject: *Ms. Tania Murphy and the fight for the recognition of lipedema.*
- The Member for Saint-Jean on the following subject: *With the Government's new economic vision, the Haut-Richelieu region is ready for action in the defence sector.*
- The Member for Arthabaska on the following subject: *Underline the 60th anniversary of ACEF Bois-Francs.*
- The Member for Marie-Victorin on the following subject: *The lions head pin.*
- The Member for Verchères on the following subject: *Underline the 40th anniversary of the Comité d'allaitement maternel.*
- The Member for Champlain on the following subject: *Congratulations to Ville de Trois-Rivières, winner of a Canadian Award for Planning Excellence for its project for the future Le Relais neighbourhood.*
- The Member for Côte-du-Sud on the following subject: *Tribute to Mr. André Therrien, Lieutenant-Colonel.*

**STATEMENTS BY MINISTERS**

**INTRODUCTION OF BILLS**

- PRESENTING**
- (a) Papers
  - (b) Reports from committees
  - (c) Petitions

**ORAL ANSWERS TO PETITIONS**

**COMPLAINTS OF BREACH OF PRIVILEGE OR CONTEMPT AND  
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Part 2

**ORDERS OF THE DAY**

**BUSINESS HAVING PRECEDENCE**

**URGENT DEBATES**

**DEBATES ON REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES**

**OTHER BUSINESS**

**I. Government Bills**

*Passage in Principle*

- (1) Bill 1  
Québec Constitution Act, 2025  
Introduced by the Minister of Justice and Minister Responsible for Canadian Relations on **9 October 2025**
- (2) Bill 3  
An Act to improve the transparency, governance and democratic process of various associations in the workplace  
Introduced by the Minister of Labour on **30 October 2025**
- (3) Bill 6  
An Act to give effect to fiscal measures announced in the Budget Speech delivered on 25 March 2025 and to certain other measures  
Introduced by the Minister of Finance on **11 November 2025**
- (4) Bill 7\*  
An Act to reduce bureaucracy, increase state efficiency and reinforce the accountability of senior public servants  
Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Government Administration and State Efficiency and Chair of the Conseil du trésor on **5 November 2025**

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**\* Recommendation of the Lieutenant-Governor**

- (5) Bill 108  
An Act to amend the Act respecting the Société de développement des entreprises culturelles to modernize the Société's financial service offer and to recognize the digital creativity industry  
Introduced by the Minister of Culture and Communications on **28 May 2025**
- (6) Bill 111  
An Act to modernize the Cooperatives Act and to amend other provisions  
Introduced by the Minister for the Economy on **6 June 2025**

*Committee Stage*

- (7) Bill 106  
An Act mainly to establish the collective responsibility and the accountability of physicians with respect to improvement of access to medical services  
Introduced by the Minister of Health on 8 May 2025  
Report from the Committee on Health and Social Services (consultations) tabled on 30 May 2025  
Passed in principle on **3 June 2025**, and  
Referred to the Committee on Health and Social Services
- (8) Bill 109  
An Act to affirm the cultural sovereignty of Québec and to enact the Act respecting the discoverability of French-language cultural content in the digital environment  
Introduced by the Minister of Culture and Communications on 21 May 2025  
Report from the Committee on Culture and Education (consultations) tabled on 4 November 2025  
Passed in principle on **5 November 2025**, and  
Referred to the Committee on Culture and Education

*Report Stage*

- (9) Bill 103  
An Act mainly to regulate supervised consumption sites in order to promote their harmonious cohabitation with the community  
Introduced by the Minister Responsible for Social Services on 6 May 2025  
Report from the Committee on Health and Social Services (consultations) tabled on 5 June 2025  
Passed in principle on 21 October 2025  
Report from the Committee on Health and Social Services tabled on **11 November 2025**

*Passage*

- (10) Bill 4  
An Act respecting the implementation of certain provisions of the Budget Speech of 25 March 2025 and amending other provisions  
Introduced by the Minister of Finance on 28 October 2025  
Passed in principle on 4 November 2025  
Referred to the Committee on Public Finance  
Report from the Committee on Public Finance adopted on **11 November 2025**

**II. Private Members' Public Bills**

*Passage in Principle*

- (11) Bill 190  
An Act respecting the establishment in the workplace of parity committees for a just transition towards an environmentally sustainable economy  
Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **8 October 2025**
- (12) Bill 192  
An Act to ensure student health and safety in the classroom by regulating ambient air quality in schools  
Introduced by the Member for Saint-Laurent on **7 December 2022**
- (13) Bill 193  
An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms to recognize the right to a healthful environment as a fundamental right  
Introduced by the Member for Notre-Dame-de-Grâce on **1 February 2023**

- (14) Bill 196  
An Act to amend the Educational Childcare Act to guarantee the right to receive childcare services  
Introduced by the Member for Robert-Baldwin on **14 March 2023**
- (15) Bill 197  
An Act to improve the quality of care through the setting of ratios in certain institutions governed by the Act respecting health services and social services  
Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on **6 December 2022**
- (16) Bill 198  
An Act to proclaim National Homelessness Awareness Day  
Introduced by the Member for D'Arcy-McGee on **9 October 2025**
- (17) Bill 390  
An Act to promote taking gender equality and diversity in an intersectional perspective into account in the budgetary process  
Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **21 March 2023**
- (18) Bill 391  
An Act to amend the Education Act to enshrine the right to free special school projects offered in schools providing preschool or elementary and secondary education and to limit the distance between immovables of a school with a special project  
Introduced by the Member for Saint-Laurent on **16 March 2023**
- (19) Bill 394  
An Act respecting the implementation of study-family-work balance policies in particular in higher education institutions  
Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **5 December 2023**
- (20) Bill 396  
An Act to amend the Act to reduce the debt and establish the Generations Fund to provide for the achievement of a capitalization of one hundred billion dollars  
Introduced by the Member for Marguerite-Bourgeoys on **16 March 2023**

- (21) Bill 397  
An Act to prevent and fight sexual violence in educational institutions that provide preschool education services, elementary school instructional services or secondary school instructional services in general or vocational education, including adult education services  
Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **27 April 2023**
- (22) Bill 398  
An Act to amend the Education Act to enshrine the right of handicapped students and students with social maladjustments or learning disabilities to receive educational services equivalent to those provided by the school  
Introduced by the Member for Westmount–Saint-Louis on **20 April 2023**
- (23) Bill 399  
An Act to amend the Act respecting the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec to require the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec to make and to report on investments with sustainable social and environmental impacts  
Introduced by the Member for Maurice-Richard on **27 April 2023**
- (24) Bill 490  
An Act to reinforce the qualified majority required for the appointment and removal of persons appointed by the National Assembly  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **18 April 2023**
- (25) Bill 491  
An Act amending the Public Infrastructure Act to submit projects included in the Québec infrastructure plan to a climate test  
Introduced by the Member for Taschereau on **14 September 2023**
- (26) Bill 493  
An Act to amend the Québec Immigration Act to take temporary residents into account for immigration planning purposes  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **10 May 2023**
- (27) Bill 494  
An Act to amend the Civil Code to render without effect the clauses of a lease of a dwelling tending to prohibit companion animals  
Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **25 May 2023**
- (28) Bill 496  
An Act to recognize the white admiral as the emblematic insect of Québec  
Introduced by the Member for Argenteuil on **9 June 2023**

- (29) Bill 591  
An Act mainly to reinforce Members' oversight of government action by recognizing their right to visit administrative institutions  
Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on **21 March 2024**
- (30) Bill 593  
An Act to amend the Civil Code to prohibit evictions carried out with a view to converting a dwelling into short-term tourist accommodation  
Introduced by the Member for Mille-Îles on **4 October 2023**
- (31) Bill 597  
An Act to amend the Environment Quality Act to establish a right of citizen initiative in environmental matters and reinforce the powers and independence of the Bureau d'audiences publiques sur l'environnement  
Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on **1 February 2024**
- (32) Bill 693  
An Act to foster the active contribution to society of recipients under the Social Solidarity Program  
Introduced by the Member for Notre-Dame-de-Grâce on **22 February 2024**
- (33) Bill 694  
An Act to amend the Highway Safety Code to more effectively fight drinking and driving  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **19 March 2024**
- (34) Bill 695  
Parliamentary Budget Officer Act  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **14 March 2024**
- (35) Bill 697  
An Act to combat waste  
Introduced by the Member for Îles-de-la-Madeleine on **23 April 2024**
- (36) Bill 699  
An Act to amend the Charter of human rights and freedoms to enshrine the right to decent housing  
Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **4 June 2024**

- (37) Bill 790  
An Act to extend to users sheltered in a continuous assistance residence the application of the Regulation respecting the terms governing the use of monitoring mechanisms by a user sheltered in a facility maintained by an institution operating a residential and long-term care centre  
Introduced by the Member for D'Arcy-McGee on **22 May 2024**
- (38) Bill 792  
An Act to enhance the presence of the flag of Québec  
Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on **30 May 2024**
- (39) Bill 793  
An Act respecting the process for publishing the documents from the inquiry conducted by Bernard Grenier concerning the activities of Option Canada in the referendum held in Québec in October 1995  
Introduced by the Member for Matane-Matapédia on **27 November 2024**
- (40) Bill 794  
An Act to declare Québec's commitment to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050  
Introduced by the Member for Verdun on **7 November 2024**
- (41) Bill 893  
An Act respecting maintaining seniors' autonomy  
Introduced by the Member for Îles-de-la-Madeleine on **3 December 2024**
- (42) Bill 894  
An Act to extend health insurance plan and basic prescription drug insurance plan eligibility to all women or persons who are pregnant and living in Québec regardless of their migratory status  
Introduced by the Member for Saint-Henri-Sainte-Anne on **4 December 2024**
- (43) Bill 895  
An Act to establish a common school network to guarantee equal opportunities  
Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **20 February 2025**
- (44) Bill 896  
An Act to indemnify local municipalities when land intended for building or enlarging schools is transferred  
Introduced by the Member for Sherbrooke on **13 February 2025**

- (45) Bill 897  
An Act to amend the Highway Safety Code to provide for the mandatory issue of notices of payment to owners of registered road vehicles and to holders of certain licences  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **19 March 2025**
- (46) Bill 898  
An Act to reinforce the regulation of rent increases for a lease of a dwelling  
Introduced by the Member for Laurier-Dorion on **3 April 2025**
- (47) Bill 899  
An Act to amend the Highway Safety Code to require the Société de l'assurance automobile du Québec to enter into agreements with government departments or bodies for the application of certain Acts  
Introduced by the Member for Nelligan on **3 April 2025**
- (48) Bill 990  
An Act to amend the Act respecting labour standards in order to regulate telework  
Introduced by the Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve on **1 May 2025**
- (49) Bill 991  
An Act respecting the procedure for selecting, appointing and reappointing independent administrative decision-makers  
Introduced by the Member for Acadie on **27 May 2025**
- (50) Bill 992  
An Act to create a committee responsible for making recommendations concerning the criteria for the fixing or adjustment of rent  
Introduced by the Member for Mille-Îles on **24 April 2025**
- (51) Bill 993  
An Act to amend the Labour Code to ensure transparent and democratic union practices  
Introduced by the Member for Saint-Jérôme on **30 April 2025**
- (52) Bill 994  
An Act to foster sexual and reproductive health through improved access to contraception  
Introduced by the Member for Mercier on **7 May 2025**

- (53) Bill 995  
An Act to establish a framework for monitoring and regulating forever chemicals  
Introduced by the Member for Mille-Îles on **22 May 2025**

*Committee Stage*

- (54) Bill 194  
An Act to establish a presumption of consent to organ or tissue donation after death  
Introduced by the Member for Pontiac on 26 April 2023  
Passed in principle on **9 June 2023**, and  
Referred to the Committee on Health and Social Services

*Report Stage*

*Passage*

**III. Private Bills**

*Hearings and Clause-by-Clause Consideration*

- (55) Bill 220  
An Act respecting Joseph Paul-Émile Daniel Michel Marcil  
Introduced by the Member for Camille-Laurin on **20 May 2025**

*Passage in Principle*

*Passage*

**IV. Government Motions**

- (56) 28 October 2025  
Motion by the Minister of International Relations and La Francophonie:

THAT, pursuant to section 22.3 of the *Act respecting the Ministère des Relations internationales*, the National Assembly approve the Inter-American Convention on the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Violence against Women of the Organization of American States.

In compliance with section 22.3 of the *Act respecting the Ministère des Relations internationales*, this motion cannot be debated before 7 November 2025.

(57) 28 October 2025

Motion by the Minister of International Relations and La Francophonie:

THAT, pursuant to section 22.3 of the *Act respecting the Ministère des Relations internationales*, the National Assembly approve the complementary agreement between the Gouvernement du Québec and the International Civil Aviation Organization concerning the organization's premises located at 1001, Boulevard Robert-Bourassa in Montréal, signed on 23 September 2025.

In compliance with section 22.3 of the Act respecting the Ministère des Relations internationales, this motion cannot be debated before 7 November 2025.

**V. Estimates of Expenditure**

**VI. Statutory Debates**

**BUSINESS STANDING IN THE NAME OF MEMBERS IN OPPOSITION**

(58) 11 November 2025

Motion by the Member for LaFontaine under Standing Order 97:

THAT the National Assembly note that the passage of Bill 2 has contributed to creating a demoralizing climate in the health network;

THAT, in the interest of patients, the National Assembly ask the Government to suspend the implementation of the *Act mainly to establish collective responsibility with respect to improvement of access to medical services and to ensure continuity of provision of those services*, for the time needed to restart dialogue and find a way forward.

Part 3

**BILLS PASSED**

*(Bills awaiting Royal Assent)*

Bill 104

An Act to amend various provisions in particular to follow up on certain requests from the municipal sector

Passed on **11 November 2025**

Part 4

**PROCEEDINGS IN COMMITTEES**

*The detailed calendar of the proceedings of each committee is available on the Internet site of the Assembly*

**COMMITTEE ON THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY**

**COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**Orders in compliance with the Standing Orders**

- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Éducation du Québec, the Centre de services scolaire de l'Énergie, the Centre de services scolaire de l'Or-et-des-Bois, the Centre de services scolaire du Fer, the Central Québec School Board and the New Frontiers School Board on Chapter 4 of the Auditor General's November 2024 report entitled "Réussite éducative des élèves autochtones" (Educational success of Indigenous students).
- Hearing of the Centre d'acquisitions gouvernementales on Chapter 2 of the Auditor General's November 2024 report entitled "Acquisitions regroupées gouvernementales" (Government group purchasing).
- Hearing of the Ministère de l'Environnement, de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques, de la Faune et des Parcs and the Ministère des Transports et de la Mobilité durable on Chapter 4 of the Sustainable Development Commissioner's April 2024 report entitled "Fonds d'électrification et de changements climatiques" (Electrification and Climate Change Fund);

**COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES**

**COMMITTEE ON PLANNING AND THE PUBLIC DOMAIN**

## COMMITTEE ON CULTURE AND EDUCATION

### Orders of reference

#### Special Consultations:

- **Bill 108**, An Act to amend the Act respecting the Société de développement des entreprises culturelles to modernize the Société's financial service offer and to recognize the digital creativity industry (Order of reference given on 4 November 2025).

#### Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 109**, An Act to affirm the cultural sovereignty of Québec and to enact the Act respecting the discoverability of French-language cultural content in the digital environment (Order of reference given on 5 November 2025).

## COMMITTEE ON LABOUR AND THE ECONOMY

## COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC FINANCE

### Orders of reference

#### Special Consultations:

- **Bill 111**, An Act to modernize the Cooperatives Act and to amend other provisions (Order of reference given on 4 November 2025).

## COMMITTEE ON INSTITUTIONS

### Orders of reference

#### General Consultation:

- **Bill 1**, Québec Constitution Act, 2025 (Order of reference given on 22 October 2025).

#### Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 220**, An Act respecting Joseph Paul-Émile Daniel Michel Marcil (Order of reference given on 1 October 2025).

## COMMITTEE ON CITIZEN RELATIONS

### Orders in compliance with the Standing Orders

#### Interpellation:

- By the Member for Robert-Baldwin to the Minister Responsible for the Status of Women on the following subject: *the CAQ government's broken promises: women are not adequately protected* (Notice given on 23 and 30 October 2025).

## COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES

### Orders of reference

#### Consideration of Bills:

- **Bill 106**, An Act mainly to establish the collective responsibility and the accountability of physicians with respect to improvement of access to medical services (Order of reference given on 1 October 2025).
- **Bill 194**, An Act to establish a presumption of consent to organ or tissue donation after death (Order of reference given on 1 October 2025).

## COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Part 5

**WRITTEN QUESTIONS**

*Questions already placed on the Order Paper  
are published each Wednesday*

- (4) Ms. Prass (D'Arcy-McGee) – **30 September 2025**  
To the Minister Responsible for Social Services

In May 2022, the CIUSSS de la Capitale-Nationale announced that it would be converting the former Salvation Army shelter on Côte du Palais into a centre offering reception, convalescence, addiction support and intervention services to the homeless. The centre was scheduled to open in 2024. However, the newspaper *Le Soleil* reported on 3 April 2025 that the opening is now scheduled for the winter of 2026, “if construction progresses as planned”. In the context of a persistent homelessness crisis in the city of Québec, these delays raise significant concerns about access to services.

1. Can the Minister explain the reasons behind the delays that led to the center’s opening being rescheduled from 2024 to 2026, and the steps to be taken to meet the new timetable?
2. What measures have been implemented to compensate for the center’s unavailability in the offer of services to the homeless in the city of Québec while awaiting its opening?

- (23) M. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) – **1 October 2025**  
To the Minister Responsible for Social Services

The right to a service dog is now recognized in Québec, in particular for crime victims and people with disabilities.

Crime victims can be reimbursed for the costs of acquiring and training these dogs.

However, due to the lack of a formal certification process for service dogs, and the lack of qualified dog schools and trainers, there are many opportunities for abuse by people with bad intentions, which sometimes leaves victims alone with a dog that is poorly trained and unable to fulfill the support mission that it was acquired for.

However, in June 2024, the Government produced a report entitled “Reconnaître les chiens d’assistance au Québec : Recommandations déposées au ministre responsable des Services sociaux” (Recognizing service dogs in Québec: Recommendations submitted to the Minister Responsible for Social Services).

The report identified many issues relating to service dogs, in particular the quality of the training and the proliferation of training schools with no guarantee of the quality or the qualifications of trainers, which can compromise the safety of disabled people and the public, and can also lead to fraud and usurpation of the title of service dog.

The report therefore contains the following recommendations:

- Develop a Québec standard for service dogs and a compliance assessment program;
- Enact legislation specific to service dogs (if no enabling Acts can be amended) and provide for a regulation respecting the application.

In its conclusions, the report states that the status quo is clearly undesirable, but there has been no follow-up on the recommendations.

My questions are the following:

- Does the Minister recognize that the safety of people with disabilities and the public is compromised by the proliferation of training schools with no oversight of the quality and qualification of service dogs?
- Does the Minister recognize the risks of fraud and abuse related to service dogs, in particular with government compensation programs, such as the program to provide financial assistance for crime victims, which reimburses service dog acquisition costs, even though there are not any recognized Québec standards or qualifications?
- Will the Minister responsible for Social Services be developing or presenting a new Québec standard for service dogs, and a program to assess the conformity of dog training schools and, if so, what is the timeframe?

(37) Mr. Tanguay (LaFontaine) – **2 October 2025**

To the Minister Responsible for the Abitibi-Témiscamingue

In an article published by *Le Devoir* on 20 September 2025, it was reported that three freshly graduated mental health specialized nurse practitioners (SNP) in Abitibi-Témiscamingue were denied positions in their region, following new “targets” set by Santé-Québec.

Yet these SNPs had completed their training with the goal of addressing glaring mental health needs, particularly in child psychiatry, where waitlists are long and where youth in La Sarre had already been informed they could finally receive specialized follow-up. Many of these patients suffer from anxiety, ADHD, or an autism spectrum disorder, and the arrival of an SNP would have been a turning point in their care.

Furthermore, these SNPs had received \$60,000 in government scholarships, on condition that they commit to a minimum of 6,000 hours of service in the public system. With no positions available, they now fear they may be forced to reimburse this amount, even though they are ready to serve in their home community. The situation is all the more incoherent given that the Government claims to want to reinforce primary care services and focus on prevention.

My questions to the Minister Responsible for the Abitibi-Témiscamingue Region are the following:

How does the Minister justify that, despite the government’s policy directions in favour of improved access to primary care services, three mental health SNPs trained in his region are now being denied positions?

How many mental health SNP positions have been allocated to the Abitibi-Témiscamingue region for the current year, under Santé Québec’s new targets?

What measures does he intend to implement to allow SNPs trained in the Abitibi-Témiscamingue region to work there and to meet local needs, instead of forcing them to relocate to other regions?

What directives will his government issue regarding the reimbursement of the \$60,000 scholarships by SNP graduates who, due to the lack of available positions in their region, are unable to fulfil their service commitment?

(43) Mr. Tanguay (LaFontaine) – **7 October 2025**

To the Minister Responsible for Sports, Recreation and the Outdoors

A Radio-Canada article, published on 21 September 2025, revealed that the widespread use of commuting independent labour in the Abitibi-Témiscamingue health network is directly depriving the regional economy of major benefits. According to a study conducted by the firm MCE Conseils, for every \$100 spent by the CISSS-AT, only \$5.60 is reinvested in the local economy when the workforce comes from outside the region, compared to \$40.60 when workers are from the region.

While the Premier claims that no other government has done more for the regions, it should be noted that more than \$225 million has been squandered on commuting personnel over the last two years. This has exacerbated economic decline and aggravated social pressures, in particular with regard to housing.

How does the Minister Responsible for the Abitibi-Témiscamingue Region explain that his government's choices regarding healthcare workers are fueling economic exodus and weakening local communities? What concrete measures does he intend to implement, starting immediately, to attract and retain a local workforce and ensure that every dollar invested in healthcare truly benefits the regional economy?

(45) Ms. Prass (D'Arcy-McGee) – **9 October 2025**

To the Minister Responsible for Social Services

With the arrival of cold weather, many community organizations and municipalities have expressed concerns about the network's ability to meet the growing needs of the homeless. Cold spells increase health and safety risks for this group and require specific planning from the government and its partners.

Can the Minister tell us what precise measures have been implemented for the 2025–2026 winter to ensure sufficient emergency shelter beds, respite services and services adapted to people experiencing homelessness throughout Québec?

Can he also tell us when the confirmations for the number of winter shelter places were sent to the organizations concerned?

Lastly, can he explain how his department is coordinating its actions with community organizations, municipalities and the CIUSSS/CISSS to ensure an adequate response during the winter period?

- (47) Ms. Cadet (Bourassa-Sauvé) – **21 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Employment

Many jurisdictions, including Ontario, have recently adopted measures to regulate the posting of fake job offers, referred to as “ghost jobs”. These job postings are published by companies who have no real intent to hire but nonetheless wish to create a sense of economic vitality or maintain a candidate pool.

According to the Greenhouse 2024 State of Job Hunting report, 18 to 22% of all jobs posted on certain platforms are classified as “ghost jobs”, and nearly three out of five job seekers claim to have encountered this phenomenon.

These practices erode public trust, falsify statistics on vacant positions, waste the time and resources of job seekers — particularly in the technology sector — and muddle the actual reading of Québec’s labour shortage.

Can the Minister of Employment tell us if her department has assessed the extent of the fake job offer phenomenon in Québec, as well as if she intends to take inspiration from Ontario’s initiative to prohibit the posting of job offers that do not match available positions?

- (48) Ms. Prass (D’Arcy-McGee) – **21 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Municipal Affairs

In a *Le Soleil* article published on 1 October and entitled “Seul au batte en itinérance : Guilbault réplique à Marchand”, the Minister of Municipal Affairs stated that there is a Québec-municipalities standing panel on homelessness, and that there are ongoing discussions on the topic of homelessness.

Given the extent of the homelessness crisis and the central role that the Minister has given to the advisory panel, can she answer the following questions:

1. What is the official mandate of the Québec-municipalities standing panel on homelessness, as adopted or validated by the Ministère des Affaires municipales?
2. What concrete measures or recommendations resulting from the panel's work have helped advance government or municipal coordination with regard to homelessness since the panel's creation?
3. What tangible measures or decisions have resulted from these recommendations (for example, regulatory flexibility and targeted programs or investments)?
4. How has the Ministère assessed the effectiveness of this panel to date — in particular its ability to meet the needs expressed by municipalities in the fight against homelessness?
5. What is the current composition of the standing panel?
6. How many times has the panel met since its creation?

(49) Ms. Massé (Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques) – **21 October 2025**

To the Minister of Health

Young people from the LGBTQ+ community have recently contacted us about the obstacles they face in accessing pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP), a treatment recognised for its high effectiveness in preventing HIV.

In Québec, PrEP is available free of charge to individuals under the age of 25 who are covered by the public prescription drug insurance plan. However, many young people under 25 are automatically enrolled as dependants under their parents' private insurance plan. This plan prevents them from accessing the free coverage offered by the public system and raises significant confidentiality concerns, as information related to medication use may be visible to the plan holder, namely a parent.

As a result, this situation creates a double barrier: financial, since these young people must bear the cost of their treatment; and personal, since their sexual life may be unintentionally disclosed to their parents or other third parties. Given the rise in HIV infections in Québec, these barriers undermine the adoption of responsible sexual health behaviours.

My question to the Minister is the following:

Does the Minister of Health intend to amend the rules governing access to PrEP in order to guarantee free and confidential access to all young people under the age of 25, regardless of their type of drug coverage?

(50) Mr. Zanetti (Jean-Lesage) – **21 October 2025**

To the Minister of Higher Education

Answer tabled on **11 November 2025** (Sessional Paper No. 317-20251111)

The Network of College Centres for the Transfer of Technologies (CCTT), which comprises 59 centres affiliated with colleges across Québec, is an entity that brings together 2,400 specialists. It generates significant economic benefits for both businesses and communities. For example, in the last fiscal year, the network generated \$175 million in turnover, supported 5,679 businesses and organizations, and helped complete 13,349 projects.

CCTTs in particular play a key role in supporting Québec's small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) by providing them with access to cutting-edge expertise that is often unavailable internally, especially for enterprises without a research and development unit. In this respect, there is no doubt that these centres promote the sustainable growth of Québec's economy and encourage the development of research and innovation. Furthermore, through applied research activities, CCTTs contribute to the college mission, which notably consists of preparing students to the labour market to ensure that Québec SMEs, in particular those in the regions, can hire skilled workers.

On 18 April 2025, the CCTT network learned that its core funding from the Ministère de l'Économie, de l'Innovation et de l'Énergie had been withdrawn. The department's disengagement amounts to a \$86,000 cut in the annual budget of each CCTT. Government funding helps maintain regional economic structures and jobs within centres across Québec, which is why this cut jeopardizes the actual structure of the network.

In an article published by the newspaper *Le Devoir* on 16 April 2024, the Ministère de l'Enseignement supérieur (MES) mentioned a draft action plan on college research that would provide for greater funding for CCTTs. Furthermore, the MES announced the possibility of reviewing the CCTTs funding model for the 2024–2025 fiscal year.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

1. Was the action plan ultimately developed? If so, what concrete actions are targeted by the CCTTs? If not, is the development of an action plan still planned?
2. Concerning the review of the funding model: does the MES intend to cooperate with the Synchronex CCTT Network to determine funding criteria, in particular on the basis of the work being carried out by the Network alongside other Québec and international organizations, to establish comparable and structuring indicators for applied research and innovation?
3. How does the Minister intend to optimize the use of CCTTs to support SMEs facing labour shortage?

(52) Ms. Cadet (Bourassa-Sauvé) – **21 October 2025**

To the Minister of Labour

According to a *Journal de Montréal* article published on 25 September 2025, the major digital transformation of the Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), known as Plan Monarque, is being led by Michel Dumas, former Vice-President of the firm LGS (IBM). This same firm was involved in the SAAQclic project, which experienced significant operational issues and cost overruns.

My question to the Minister is the following:

Can the Minister of Labour confirm the nature of Mr. Dumas' role with the CNESST and specify the measures his department intends to implement to ensure the sound management, transparency and success of this major digital transformation?

(53) Ms. Setlakwe (Mont-Royal–Outremont) – **22 October 2025**

To the Minister of Cybersecurity and Digital Technology

In its 2024–2028 strategic plan, the Ministère de la Cybersécurité et du Numérique highlighted the issue of digital literacy as a priority. The Minister is responsible for promoting access to public services for all citizens so that they can benefit from the advantages of using them digitally.

The strategic plan also states that a government-wide reflection is currently underway to determine the best courses of action for the purpose of lessening the impacts of the digital divide. However, it is difficult to identify any concrete government actions in this regard.

Can the Minister of Cybersecurity and Digital Technology explain what concrete measures he intends to implement to promote the digital literacy of the public, in particular among seniors?

(54) Mr. Leduc (Hochelaga-Maisonneuve) – **23 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Labour

The cleaning staff who work in public buildings in Québec, whether unionized or not, are subject to two decrees governing their industry. There are approximately 16,000 cleaners in the Montréal area and 10,000 in the city of Québec and surrounding area. Following negotiations, the union and the Association des entrepreneurs de services d'édifices Québec concluded an agreement on the new master collective agreement for Montréal. The improvements and measures in the agreement are therefore in the process of being ratified so that the workers concerned can receive their salary increases and improved benefits. These measures represent a concrete and essential improvement in their daily lives in a context of rising rents and inflation. For each week of delay, an average increase of \$1.70/hour means a loss of up to \$69 per week.

Given that the renewal process for the Decree respecting building service employees in the Montréal region, c. D-2 r.15, is underway, that a collective agreement was signed in December 2024, and that an application to amend the decree was submitted to the Ministère du Travail in February 2025, the next step should be prior publication in the *Gazette officielle* for the decree to eventually come into force.

In short, prior publication as the next step towards ratification of the decree by the Ministère du Travail is expected so that thousands of people can benefit from the conditions already agreed upon.

In light of the aforementioned, my questions to the Minister are the following:

1. How does the minister explain that prior publication has not yet been made in the *Gazette officielle*?

2. What are the reasons preventing the Minister of Labour from moving forward to settle this matter?

(55) Mr. Leduc (Hochelaga-Maisonneuve) – **24 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Families

A Radio-Canada report published in April 2023 revealed the inaccessibility of daycare premises for many parents with physical disabilities (RDI, *Garderies inaccessibles*, 22 April 2023). Organizations defending the rights of persons with disabilities then requested that information on the accessibility of educational childcare premises be made available on the new childcare registration portal. The then Minister of Families undertook to include this information in the new portal.

For parents with disabilities, finding an accessible educational childcare centre is an uphill battle. The current La Place 0-5 portal barely contains any information on the accessibility of daycare centres and CPEs, and employees generally have no knowledge of accessibility issues. Thus, parents must resign to visiting educational childcare centres one by one, in the hope of eventually finding accessible premises. Making the physical accessibility of childcare centres publicly available would be an excellent first step towards universal accessibility within the educational childcare network, promoting independence and inclusion for all parents. Furthermore, the department has subsidized the organization AlterGo for the development of tools to support educational childcare centres in assessing their accessibility, including a self-appraisal chart (AlterGo, L'accessibilité universelle en services de garde; Grille d'auto-évaluation).

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- Has her department informed all educational childcare centres of the existence of AlterGo's self-appraisal tool and encouraged them to complete the chart and provide detailed information on the portal?
- When deploying the Childcare Services Registration Portal, will the Minister uphold her predecessor's public commitment by requiring all educational childcare centres to post the level of physical accessibility of their premises on the portal?

(56) Mr. Chassin (Saint-Jérôme) – **28 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Health

Within the framework of Bill 106, An Act mainly to establish the collective responsibility and the accountability of physicians with respect to improvement of access to medical services, several assessments were carried out at the request of or within the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux (MSSS). An article written by Tommy Chouinard concerns one such document. According to the article, the assessment document was prepared by a handful of physicians who are leaders in the network and Dr. Emmanuelle Britton, who served as an advisor for the MSSS administration on medical workforce management, primary care access, and access to specialized medical services. The document in question underlined inconsistencies and blind spots, as well as the inability to implement Bill 106. According to Dr. Britton, the document was presented during an in-house MSSS meeting with the current Deputy Minister, Mr. Daniel Paré, and his team.

My questions are the following:

- Was the Minister made aware of the existence of this unfavourable opinion?
- Does he know which document is being referred to?
- Can he provide the document to parliamentarians, or make it public and inform us?

(57) Ms. Massé (Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques) – **29 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Health

In the course of their duties, Members of the National Assembly may be called upon to intervene with various ministers in order to bring to their attention exceptional situations experienced by their constituents, which call for equally exceptional interventions, namely the exercise of ministerial discretionary power.

While it is legitimate to be concerned about potential abuses related to the use of ministerial discretionary power, the fact remains that in certain critical circumstances – for example, in cases of risk of complete destitution, serious harm to health or both – this power constitutes an essential instrument of ministerial flexibility and responsibility.

The Minister of Health may exercise discretionary power in several ways, including through the administration of his discretionary budget or through his override power, which enables him to grant access to the RAMQ to persons who are not residents of Québec under the conditions set out in section 10.1 of chapter M-19.2.

However, in the case of persons with severe disabilities – for whom no clear directive has been issued to institutions – there remains a risk of unequal treatment. The Minister of Health then relies on the mechanisms implemented by Santé Québec through its institutions. While it is true that each institution under the responsibility of Santé Québec retains autonomy in the management of its services and care according to its resources, there have been several instances where the Minister has exercised discretionary power in exceptional cases, such as the highly publicised case of Mr. Jonathan Marchand.

I recently submitted to the Minister a similar case, which had already gone through the processes of the local service quality and complaints commissioner, as well as the Protecteur du citoyen, and which ultimately ended up at my office as a last resort. Several weeks after the file was transmitted to the Minister of Health – and after receiving confirmation of processing along with a reference number – the Minister’s adviser informed us that the Minister does not consider this type of discretionary request and invited us to contact Santé Québec. However, Santé Québec was unaware of the file or the reference number. In short, no authority followed up on this discretionary request.

My questions to the Minister of Health are the following:

1. Why is a number assigned to discretionary requests received if they are not processed?
2. How, where and by whom are discretionary requests relating to persons with severe disabilities transmitted to the office of the Minister of Health?
3. Section 669 of the Act respecting the governance of the health and social services system provides that the Minister may, on the Minister’s own initiative with regard to a provider of services in the field of health and social services or at the request of such a provider, grant an authorization allowing the provider, for the period the Minister determines, to call on a personnel placement agency’s services or on independent labour, in exceptional circumstances. What are these exceptional circumstances and how can such a request be submitted?
4. Does the Minister undertake to send clarifications on the process for discretionary requests relating to persons with severe disabilities, as well as on these exceptional circumstances, to all riding offices, to avoid wasting time not only for the Members’ teams, but also for his own, and to stop create false expectations for the citizens concerned?

5. Does the Minister undertake to issue clear guidelines to Santé Québec and its institutions concerning persons with severe disabilities, to minimise the risks of unequal treatment?

(58) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) – **29 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Health

On 1 November 2023, the National Assembly unanimously adopted a motion to underline the importance of further raising public awareness on the challenges faced by immunocompromised people. Legislators also recognized the slanted red “i” as the official symbol of prevention with regard to immunocompromised individuals. The motion also suggested the establishment of a national day of immunocompromised people.

Since then, the slanted red “i” has begun appearing in public spaces, and efforts are undertaken to broaden its reach. Dr. Luc Boileau, former National Public Health Director, publicly wore this symbol and supports its use.

My questions are the following:

- Is the Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux deploying efforts to support this initiative?
- Does the Minister of Health intend to support the passage of legislation to formalize a national day of immunocompromised people?
- What is the expected deadline for the passage of such legislation?

(59) Mr. Arseneau (Îles-de-la-Madeleine) – **30 October 2025**  
To the Minister of Health

In April 2021, after two years of continuous representations, the Minister of Health announced a financial adjustment for medical travel expenses for patients in regions. The Government had not indexed the rates of that program in 10 years.

Although annual indexation has been applied since 2023, the program still only covers part of the real costs incurred. As a result, patients themselves must pay significant amounts out of pocket to access specialized and highly specialized health care, constituting a flagrant inequity in the public health system, which should be universal and free of charge. I tabled a petition with 2,500 signatories in the National Assembly in September 2024 asking for a review of the User Travel Policy in order to have the real costs of medical travel reimbursed. During the examination of the credits last May, the Minister's teams confirmed that a full review of the User Travel Policy was on the fall 2025 schedule.

My questions are the following:

- With two months left in 2025, has the Minister of Health begun the review of the User Travel Policy?
- With regard to the review, did the Minister consult the institutions and patients in order to present us with updated rates that reflect the true costs incurred?
- When does the Minister intend to present his new User Travel Policy and what is the schedule for its implementation?

(60) Mr. Nadeau-Dubois (Gouin) – **4 November 2025**  
To the Minister of Education

According to the preliminary data revealed by the Minister of Education during the estimates of expenditure, the dropout rate for high school students (students who leave school without obtaining a diploma or qualification) for the 2023–2024 school year is 16.9%. This is an increase compared to the last two years: 15.1% for 2022–2023 and 16.3% for 2021–2022.

The high school dropout rate varies significantly between programs: special school project with or without selection or regular program.

The following questions were prepared from the annual dropout rate table (annual rate of students who leave school without obtaining a diploma or qualification), for the 2022–2023 cohort followed until 2023–2024, according to the declared enrolment in a special school project. That table (No. 2RP\_EDUC-14) is on page 37 of the document entitled “Réponses aux demandes de renseignements particuliers du deuxième groupe d’opposition” submitted as part of the 2025–2026 estimates of expenditure.

My questions for the Minister are the following:

- 1) In order for us to have a more complete picture, could the Minister create three separate tables for dropout rates over 5, 6 and 7 years, each with separate columns for dropout rates without qualification, for dropout rates without a diploma and for both types of dropout rate combined? Would it be possible to provide for each of those tables, in addition to percentages, the number of students concerned (n) as well as the total provincial n for each category (public/private, male/female)? Would it be possible to add three lines to each table: one line for the dropout rate for students who are not enrolled in a special school project (n and %), one for the dropout rate for students who are enrolled in a non-selective special school project (n and %) and one for the dropout rate for students who are enrolled in a selective special school project (n and %)?
  - 2) Does the Minister intend to extend the socioeconomic environment index to private schools? If yes, when? If not why?
  - 3) How does the Minister define selective special school projects and non-selective special school projects? Can she specify whether the selection of students through fees is included in her definition and whether it takes into account the fees covered by the \$300 budget measure?
  - 4) Would it be possible to provide an additional table that shows, for high schools in 2024–2025, the n and % of students who attend a private school for each school service centre territory, including the total n and % of students in private schools in Québec and the total n and % of students in Québec?
  - 5) Could the Minister produce an additional table that shows, for elementary schools in 2024–2025, the n and % of students who attend a private school for each school service centre territory, including the total n and % of students in private schools in Québec and the total n and % of students in Québec? Could the same be done for preschools in 2024–2025?
- (61) Ms. Lakhoyan Olivier (Chomedey) – **4 November 2025**  
To the Minister of Tourism

The La Ronde amusement park, located on Île Sainte-Hélène, holds a special place in Québec's collective imagination. A legacy of Expo 67, it has been a part of Montréal's landscape for over half a century and is an iconic tourist attraction that has been enjoyed by several generations of Quebecers.

However, according to a 21 October 2025 article in the *Journal de Montréal*, Six Flags, the American owner of La Ronde, is currently experiencing a serious financial crisis. Its recovery plan, called Project Accelerate, involves the sale or closure of certain parks deemed non-essential, which could include La Ronde. The company is facing declining attendance, more than \$5 billion in debt, and limited profitability for its leased sites, such as the one in Montréal.

Given La Ronde's historical, cultural, and tourism importance for Montréal and Québec, can the Minister of Tourism tell us what actions her department intends to take to ensure the sustainability of this iconic site and preserve its role at the heart of Québec's tourism industry and collective heritage?

(62) Ms. McGraw (Notre-Dame-de-Grâce) – **4 November 2025**

To the Minister of the Environment, the Fight Against Climate Change, Wildlife and Parks

According to an internal document of the Ministère de l'Environnement obtained by Radio-Canada, the Québec government intends to redirect part of the funding for the 2030 Plan for a Green Economy by cutting investments to prevent and reduce greenhouse gas emissions in favour of measures to adapt to the impacts of climate change.

Although adaptation is essential, it cannot replace prevention. This change in priorities therefore raises an important question: is this a matter of environmental strategy, or is it the direct consequence of a poor management of public finances, which is depriving Québec of the ability to both prevent and adapt?

Can the Minister confirm whether his government is redirecting the Plan for a Green Economy funding due to a lack of financial means and whether he fully stands by the political decision to abandon emissions reduction and instead focus on addressing the impacts?

(63) Mr. Grandmont (Taschereau) – **5 November 2025**

To the Minister of Transport and Sustainable Mobility

In November 2024, the federal government turned down the Québec Minister of Transport and Sustainable Mobility's proposal to use concrete for the new Québec Bridge deck, as this was deemed too heavy for the Québec Bridge's load-bearing capacity.

There are a number of different materials that can be used for the bridge deck that would create a lighter and more durable structure, considering that the desired life expectancy of a bridge deck is at least 75 years.

Orthotropic steel, which can be bought from and installed by Québec companies, is one such lighter and more durable option. Though it is a little more expensive, the increase in estimated life expectancy would pay off quickly.

Aluminum, meanwhile, is even lighter and more durable than orthotropic steel. The life expectancy of the Québec Bridge would be considerably increased by using this material, which would make up for increased construction costs. Experts say it provides excellent resistance and that its ecological impact is minimal.

Furthermore, there exists a study carried out by the department in 2015 on the possibility of lowering the bridge deck. The results of this study have never been made public.

My questions to the Minister are the following:

- 1) Are orthotropic steel and aluminum being considered by the Ministère des Transports et de la Mobilité durable for the new bridge deck of the Québec Bridge?
- 2) Does the Minister intend to take advantage of the opportunity granted by the replacement of the Québec Bridge deck to lower it and thus facilitate coexistence between cyclists, cars and trucks on the bridge?
- 3) What is the deadline for the tabling of a new proposal to the federal government regarding the Québec Bridge deck?

(64) Mr. Grandmont (Taschereau) – **5 November 2025**  
To the Minister of Transport and Sustainable Mobility

The Minister Responsible for Relations with the First Nations and the Inuit introduced the 2022–2027 Government Action Plan for the Social and Cultural Wellness of the First Nations and Inuit at the end of the previous legislature.

Several issues are addressed in the action plan, such as better access to health and social services or combatting poverty and social exclusion. However, nothing in that plan concerns the road infrastructure connecting remote First Nation communities, which would enable these communities to achieve their full social and economic potential.

Several communities are dependent on road infrastructure in poor condition, making access to surrounding cities and villages difficult. Yet this is a significant factor in the social and economic inequalities faced by the First Nations compared to other population groups in Québec.

I'm sure you will agree that the absence of an efficient, reliable transport infrastructure greatly hinders economic development in these communities and causes longer wait times for access to emergency services, which poses a real risk to the safety and lives of people.

My questions for the Minister are the following:

- 1) Is there a directive, policy or a strategy of the Ministère des Transports et de la Mobilité durable specifically intended to ensure mobility in the remote Indigenous communities of Québec?
- 2) If not, what are the concrete commitments of the Ministère to make these communities more accessible?

(65) Ms. Massé (Sainte-Marie–Saint-Jacques) – **6 November 2025**

To the Minister Responsible for Social Solidarity and Community Action

The Ministère de l'Emploi et de la Solidarité sociale's mission is to ensure the participation of the public, businesses, bodies and communities in Québec's development and prosperity. To do so, the department has a number of essential financial support programs that, together, make up the social net, the pride of my Québec. In other words, the department is responsible for directing financial funds for the purpose of providing support, in particular to community organizations who in turn offer invaluable services to our communities and contribute to Québec's development and prosperity. However, these community organizations must contend with a highly speculative rental market, which constitutes a major financial hurdle for access to affordable premises. Yet, many organizations have carried out concerted projects to find solutions.

- The Carrefour St-Pierre project involves renovating more than 40,000 square feet (ft<sup>2</sup>) of a heritage building and leasing the premises to approximately 15 community organizations;
- The Îlot Sainte-Brigide involves renovating the church to provide a living environment and 74 studios, or nearly 64,701 ft<sup>2</sup>, to persons experiencing homelessness;

- Espace LGBTQ+ involves renovating a building of more than 30,000 ft<sup>2</sup> and providing rental spaces in the heart of the Village to at least 10 community organizations, along with a living environment;
- The Comité social Centre-Sud is located in a heritage building of nearly 109,620 ft<sup>2</sup> and provides affordable premises to 11 community organizations; and
- The Astérisk project is currently in development and, once finished, will provide affordable spaces to three youth organizations.

These are examples of collective solutions that house nearly 40 organizations while providing community services to various populations, including persons experiencing homelessness. The Minister should understand that the constituents of my riding have a strong community entrepreneurial spirit and have devised pragmatic solutions for access to affordable premises. Financially backing these projects through specific programs would help us act on three major aspects: reinforcing the affordable community premises offer, providing community services to the population, and protecting the built heritage.

In terms of existing financial support programs, the programme d'aide aux organismes communautaires (PAOC) and the programme d'immobilisation en entrepreneuriat communautaire (PIEC) are inactive until further notice. Recently, the Chair of the Conseil du trésor gave the instruction to pause future subsidies. Furthermore, a study by Maxim Fortin of the Institut de recherche et d'informations socioéconomiques in 2025 shows that, on one hand, the Québec State recognizes and funds community action, and on the other hand, the State limits its support to community organizations and their missions, leaving more room for philanthropy.

In this context, my questions to the Minister are the following:

1. What actions are planned by the Ministère to support community initiatives to improve access to affordable premises? Can the Minister provide a copy of this plan?
2. When are the subsidy programs mentioned above (PIEC and PAOC) expected to return? Can the Minister provide a list of the projects supported by these two programs, together with the amounts allocated since 2022?
3. What are the next financial envelopes planned for supporting community organizations and access to affordable premises, and what amounts do they represent?
4. Should new funding programs be created, does the Minister intend to co-create a structuring and innovative program to support organizations that wish to renovate buildings to provide affordable premises to the community sector?

It is essential that the Minister affirm her commitment to solutions that address the need for access to affordable premises. If she does so, the community sector will be able to dedicate itself to carrying out its many missions and ultimately support our vulnerable populations.

(66) Ms. Cadet (Bourassa-Sauvé) – **11 November 2025**  
To the Minister of Employment

Youth employment centre (CJE) organizations are established in all regions of Québec with the mission of providing assistance to youths aged 15 to 35 in their academic, professional and personal lives. They help thousands of young people each year with graduation, job seeking, entrepreneurship and social reintegration.

An independent study carried out by the firm KPMG for the Réseau des carrefours jeunesse-emploi du Québec concluded that youth employment centres are one of the most profitable investments a government can make. The study shows that each public dollar invested in youth employment centres generates its value many times over for both youths, through additional revenues and greater employment stability, and the State, through increased tax revenues.

However, despite these results, the government funding allocated to youth employment centres decreased by 34% in constant dollars from 2021 to 2024. The Réseau des carrefours jeunesse-emploi du Québec also indicated that, due to restrictive eligibility criteria, approximately 25,000 youths were excluded from their services since 2023.

Given the above, my questions to the Minister of Employment are the following:

1. Why have the estimates of expenditure allocated to youth employment centres decreased over the past few years?
2. Does she intend to review the funding structure to ensure stable, multi-year and indexed support for these organizations?
3. What measures does her department intend to implement to ensure that all youths have an equal access to youth employment centre services, regardless of their profile or region?

(67) Ms. Caron (La Pinière) – **11 November 2025**

To the Minister Responsible for Seniors and Informal Caregivers, Minister Responsible for Social Services and Minister for Health

On October 16, the Association des établissements privés conventionnés (AEPC) issued a press release announcing that private CHSLDs under agreement are once again at risk of closure, entitled “Des CHSLD privés conventionnés à nouveau à risque de fermeture”.

Although the Premier announced in his last Opening Speech that the Government intends to consolidate the model of private institutions under agreement that provide housing to the elderly, the AEPC deplors the complete lack of serious discussion with the Minister to ensure funding for institutions providing long-term care services.

The AEPC also expressed its disappointment concerning the past four years, which highlight the lack of structural measures to rebuild the financial situation of private institutions under agreement in Québec. It emphasizes that a high risk of service disruption now looms over the coming year. On top of this, annual funding is subject to numerous conditions that are now applied without prior discussion with the department.

In the weeks leading up to the tabling of the 2025–2026 budget, the AEPC requested \$25 million in emergency aid to prevent closures. The Minister responded with one-time assistance of \$10 million, which prevented the worst from happening, but did not solve the underlying problem.

Can the Minister tell us when she intends to begin discussions with the AEPC in order to prevent services disruptions and ensure the sustainability of private CHSLDs under agreement?

(68) Ms. Nichols (Vaudreuil) – **11 November 2025**

To the Minister of Municipal Affairs

Through the Chief Electoral Officer, Élections Québec had committed to conducting pilot projects for electronic or Internet voting, or both, before the November 2 elections to assess their feasibility, safety and social acceptability. However, these projects were ultimately not carried out, and no clear justification or alternative timeline was provided to the public.

In a context where voter turnout, whether in municipal or provincial elections, remains historically low, it is legitimate to question the reasons behind the abandonment of this modern approach, which could have facilitated citizen participation and strengthened Québec's democratic vitality.

Can the Minister explain why this initiative has been shelved?

Can she explain what technical or legal assessments justified this decision, and can she tell us the planned amounts for the implementation of the trials and whether a new deployment schedule is under consideration?

In a context where trust in democracy and voter turnout are in decline, should Québec not be showing leadership by testing innovative solutions instead of postponing them indefinitely?

Part 6  
**NOTICES**

**I. NOTICES PREVIOUSLY GIVEN**

**Government Bills**

- (a) 11 November 2025  
An Act concerning the coming into force of the Act to give greater consideration to the needs of the population in the event of a strike or a lock-out – *Minister of Labour*

**Private Members' Public Bills**

- (b) 11 November 2025  
An Act to establish a new electoral system – *Member for Hochelaga-Maisonneuve*

**Private Bills**

**II. NOTICES APPEARING FOR THE FIRST TIME**

- (aa) An Act respecting Le Country Club de Montréal – *Member for Laporte*
- (bb) An Act respecting the Monastère des Ursulines de Québec – *Member for Taschereau*
- (cc) An Act respecting the merger of Beneva Mutual and Gore Mutual Insurance Company – *Member for Charlevoix-Côte-de-Beaupré*